

HE MUST MEAN
YOU, MUTT,
HE'S POINTING
OVER MY
HEAD.



POPOLIZES
IN
OM.

UP MY
THE
ABLE MURDER.

SSIR
PLEASE
OR
TAKE A
RICK
H ME.

HEY
EDDIE,
NIX, NIX!
Too soon

Jean Knott

HEY
EDDIE,
NIX, NIX!
Too soon

HEY
EDDIE,
NIX, NIX!
Too soon

Circulation Biggest Ever

The circulation of the Daily Post-Dispatch in St. Louis compared season by season is greater than ever before in the history of this newspaper. This is also true of the Sunday Post-Dispatch, "circulation books open to all." "First in Everything."

VOL. 70. NO. 195.

UNION MEN SAY 1000 ARE OUT AT WAGNER PLANT

Groups Walk Out After Alleged Discharge of Workers for Attending Union Meeting.

FACTORY MAKES SHELLS

Formal Declaration of Strike Expected to Follow Meeting at 2 P. M.

Groups of mechanical employees of the Wagner Electric Co., 6400 Plymouth avenue, the largest St. Louis munition-making concern, quit work this morning and gave as their reason the discharge of a number of men who had attended a meeting held last night to enroll members in the International Association of Machinists, at Aschenbroedel Hall, 3335 Pine street.

The number of those who quit work was estimated by union organizers at 1000 or more, out of a total mechanical force of 2800. Officials of the company would make no estimate of the number. Those who walked out went to New Club Hall, Thirtieth street and Chouteau avenue, to attend a meeting at 2 p. m., at which it was said that the question of a formal strike declaration would be discussed.

The effort to unionize the Wagner plant employees, which has been going on for the last 30 days, is part of the general movement of labor organizers to strengthen the unions and extend their scope in St. Louis.

Smaller Plant Visited. Some of the men, after leaving the Plymouth avenue plant, visited the smaller plant of the same concern at Maple avenue and the Wabash tracks, where 1000 workers are engaged in making six-inch shells. They endeavored to get the employees at this branch plant to walk out, but it appeared that only a few of them quit.

The walkout at the main plant began about 10 o'clock, and varying numbers of men, as well as some women continued to leave until noon. At lunchtime, while a line was parading in front of the plant, a good-sized group, including about 20 women, walked out and joined them.

The Wagner plant, at present a munition establishment, is working on large rush orders of six-inch shells, artillery hubs and other war supplies for the United States Government. It built up a large munition plant in more than two years' work of supplying these articles to the allied governments. A large order of six-inch shells for the British army was recently completed.

More Pay to Be Demanded. Some of the men who quit said to a Post-Dispatch reporter that their chief demand, following that for recognition of the union, would be for more pay and shorter hours. They said the working day was nine and three-quarters hours, and that under the company's bonus system, which sets the place of the workers was the best workmen could make about \$2.50 a day, medium ones \$3, and others \$2.40 or \$2.50.

John W. Hannan, district organizer of the Machinists' Union, said that an international organizer of the machinists came to St. Louis recently and went to work in the Wagner plant. His identity was discovered, Hannan said, and he was discharged.

Following this, the organizers called a meeting for last Saturday night at Aschenbroedel Hall. This meeting was largely attended. Monday morning, Hannan said, a number of the men who had attended the meeting were discharged.

Meeting Held Last Night. At the second meeting, held last night, Hannan said, more than 600 accessions to the union were reported. As the men left the hall, he declared, they saw some of the bosses and foremen from the Wagner plant standing near the building. It was agreed at the meeting, Hannan said, that if men were discharged for attending, the others would walk out.

This morning, according to the statements of a number of the men, the employees who went to work in the punch shop were asked by one of the bosses, if they had attended the meeting. Several replied that they had done so. These, it was related by the men, were at once discharged. Thereupon, the other men in the punch shop voluntarily walked outside with the discharged ones and stood on the lawn. The news of the occurrence spread to other departments, and soon groups began to join them, coming from various parts of the plant. There was no union order for a walkout.

The men, as they left the plant, gathered about the further end of a long bridge across Plymouth avenue, which leads to the plant. It did not appear that they were picketing, but as the number increased several deputy sheriffs appeared. The Wagner plant, though classed as a St. Louis industrial institution, is in St. Louis.

AMERICAN STEAMER ARMENIA BADLY DAMAGED BY TORPEDO

Former German Merchantman Beached on British Coast; Attached Once Before.

AN ATLANTIC PORT, March 6 (By A. P.).—The American steamship Armenia, formerly a German merchantman, lies beached and badly damaged on the British coast after being torpedoed by a German submarine. It was learned with the arrival of the Armenia's crew here today.

Sailors arriving today, thirty-three in number, said that after the Armenia, of 5464 tons gross, was torpedoed, the first time, in the English Channel on December 5, she was beached and temporarily repaired by means of a wooden patch placed over the hole. Most of the cargo was saved.

The vessel renewed her voyage Feb. 8, bound for a British drydock for repairs. At 12:35 o'clock the next morning a U-boat again sent a torpedo into her hull and again she was forced to beach. The crew said, and it was a question whether she could be saved.

The Armenia left Baltimore with grain last November for a European port.

SEARS-ROEBUCK ACCUSED OF UNFAIR BUSINESS METHODS

Complaint Issued Against Chicago Mail Order House by Federal Trade Commission.

WASHINGTON, March 6 (By A. P.).—Complaint was issued today against Sears-Roebuck & Co., a great mail order house of Chicago, by the Federal Trade Commission, charging unfair methods of competition in the conduct of its business.

Julius Rosenberg, one of the large buyers for the Government, is president of the commission. The complaint summons the firm to answer a charge that it has advertised sugar for sale at 3 to 4 cents a pound, actually at a loss, but only upon condition that certain amounts of other groceries be purchased for which a sufficient price is charged to make a profit on the combined sale.

The complaint further charges that Sears, Roebuck & Co., with the aid of its competitors, has circulated catalogues representing the quality of merchandise sold by its competitors as inferior. The complaint charged that the low price on sugar was made for the purpose of lessening competition and creating a monopoly. A hearing has been set for April 11.

CHICAGO, March 6.—Officials of Sears, Roebuck & Co. said today that the sale of sugar at the selling plan complained of by the Federal Trade Commission was discontinued last June when a shortage of sugar became apparent.

DAYLIGHT SAVING TO COME UP

Supporters Say House Members Consider It Necessary.

WASHINGTON, March 6. (Special.)—Speaker Champ Clark has promised to recognize members to call up the daylight saving bill when the legislative, executive and judicial appropriations bill is passed. Democratic leader Kitchin is in favor of getting the measure disposed of at once. Supporters of daylight saving urge haste.

"The daylight saving bill," Chairman Sims of the Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee, said today, "will be brought up just as soon as there is a half day in sight to which some appropriation bill has not a prior right. The bill ought to be passed by next week. It is not opposed. There will be little time occupied in discussing it, for members regard it as necessary."

PARTLY CLOUDY TONIGHT AND WARMER TOMORROW

THE TEMPERATURES.

1 p. m. 51.1 a. m. 51.1
Yesterday, high 52, at 4 p. m. low 50, at 7 a. m. A temperature of 52 is high for so early in March.

Official forecast for St. Louis and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and tomorrow. Lowest temperature tonight about the freezing point.

Misouri: Partly cloudy tonight and tomorrow. Colder in southeast portions. Tonight rising temperatures tomorrow.

Illinois: Partly cloudy tonight. Colder in south and central portions. Tomorrow fair, with rising temperatures in north and west portions.

Stage of river 7 a. m., 10.3 feet, a rise of .7 of a foot.

During 1917 the Post-Dispatch printed 19,721 Horses and Vehicles. Want Ads \$3 more than the THREE nearest St. Louis newspapers combined.

Continued on Page 2, Column 5.

FIRST AMERICAN BALLOON GOES UP ON TOUL SECTOR

Observers Are Fully Protected by U. S. Gunners and Remain in Air Several Hours.

AIRPLANES OUT IN FORCE

Americans Shell Town Behind German Lines — Artillery Firing Rather Light.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Tuesday, March 5 (By A. P.).—This has been a quiet day in the American sector northwest of Toul. The shells were infrequent until late in the afternoon when the American artillery "lived things up" a bit, firing on a town in the enemy lines where troops had been seen.

Although the weather was bright and clear for the first time in several days, a mist arose from the snow and observation was obscured by the ground haze. Aerial forces took advantage of the improved weather and operated freely. Groups of enemy planes came over for photographic work, but were kept high in the air by the American anti-aircraft guns. Planes from the American lines also were out in force. In the trenches the men divided their time between watching the aerial operations and drying themselves in the dugouts.

First U. S. Balloon Goes Up

Observation balloons were up for the first time in several days, being stationed at intervals along the frontiers as far as the eye could see in both directions. For the first time in the war an American observation balloon, fully manned and protected by Americans, went up. This is the first complete unit of the American air service to appear in the field. For two days it had been ready to ascend, the observers having been in a French balloon several days previously. Today an American balloon company was working where the French hitherto had been.

The balloon was hauled out from its hidden nest and a slight delay was experienced in getting it off the ground because the telephone wires from the basket, in which were an American Captain and Lieutenant, were fouled. This was quickly remedied and the balloon was sent up, remaining in the air several hours. It rose higher than either the French or the Germans in an attempt to reach an altitude specially favorable for observation. While it was at the highest point the watchers saw the ground below with the black cross of the enemy on their wings, headed in their direction. The balloon was hauled down so that it might be grounded quickly if necessary.

American gunners were busy at many places nearby, for the balloon was protected heavily. They stood by their guns, but the enemy planes, sailing across the sky with shrapnel puffs streaming out behind them like the tail of a comet, suddenly changed their course and headed for home. The appearance of a squadron of planes bearing the insignia of the French on their wings, probably was the cause.

20,000 Shells Dropped

Shells fell thick and fast within the American lines and upon the enemy's positions on the Toul sector since the beginning of the year. The enemy planes, which the enemy placed on the American positions at daylight in this neighborhood, 20,000 projectiles have been dropped in the vicinity of the terrain occupied by the American lines. They were dropped from the air, and the American casualties, however, have been extremely light.

Sunday night the Americans continued to shell the enemy and put down their barrage on the positions. The infantry activity was confined solely to patrol parties. The Americans searched No Man's Land in the snow for the bodies of enemy killed in the raiding. None was found, but the body of one American was discovered in the American wire in front of a listening post. The man had on his gas mask. A bullet had passed through his head. Only two cartridges remained in his rifle, which was found under his body, and there were other indications that he died fighting.

The heavy snow continued Monday.

MARCONI MAY REFUSE U. S. POST

Italian Unwilling to Shoulder Scandals Which Have Arisen

ROME, March 6. (By A. P.).—Senator Guglielmo Marconi has not yet decided whether he will accept the leadership of the Italian mission to the United States. The Senator declares he is not willing to shoulder certain of the scandals which have arisen.

In a speech on March 2, according to a Rome dispatch of March 3, Senator Marconi urged the Italian Government to adopt energetic measures concerning reported irregularities in purchases made in the United States by the Italian mission.

M'COLLOCH SAYS U. R. MAY LOSE UNION DEPOT LINES

Tells Public Service Body Bonds of \$3,235,000 Must Be Taken Up in June.

REVENUES TO BE CUT

Asserts Receipts Under Present Fare System Will Fall Below Those of Last Year.

Richard McCulloch, president and general manager of the United Railways Co., testifying today before the Missouri Public Service Commission at the first hearing on the company's application for increased fare rates, said that, unless the \$3,235,000 of bonds of the Union Depot Railway Co., which mature next June, are redeemed at that time, the control of the Union Depot lines must pass away from the United Railways Co.

The Union Depot lines, formerly owned by John Scullin and his associates, are the Bellefontaine, Cherokee and Tower Grove lines. McCulloch also estimated that, without taking the dates covered by the recent strike into account, the revenues of the company will be smaller this year than in 1917.

School Teachers Represented. J. Clarence Taussig entered his appearance at the hearing and made an opening statement in which he said he was counsel for 500 women stockholders, many of whom are school teachers, who bought United Railways preferred stock at \$60 to \$75 a share, prior to 1916, when it was paying 5 per cent dividends. It is now selling at \$18 a share and pays no dividends.

McCulloch identified various tables showing statistics as to the company's operation and testified that in 1916, 1917 and 1918 revenue passengers using transfers were more than 53 per cent of the total number of passengers. In 1917, he said, transfers were issued to 140,736,831 passengers. If the company had been permitted to charge 1 cent for each transfer, he said, the yield would have been \$1,407,358.

Calls Many Transfers Unnecessary

McCulloch said he believed the yield would not be great as this if a 1-cent rate for transfers should be established, as under those conditions fewer transfers would be used. Many persons who now ride only a few blocks on a transfer would not do so if they had to pay a cent for each transfer. Many persons, he said, now unnecessarily transfer to the Olive and Grand avenue lines, the man preferring to ride on the Olive street line "because the passengers there are better dressed."

When David Lloyd George, the British Premier, in that year offered two methods of settling the vexed Irish question, it was Redmond who rejected the proposition for a partition of Ireland and, instead, accepted Lloyd George's alternative plan for the convocation of the Irish convention in which Irishmen from all parties and creeds might meet in the effort to compose their differences and draft a constitution that would afford justice to all.

Redmond was one of the delegates to the convention which met at various times at Dublin, Belfast and Cork in 1917 and 1918.

First in British House in 1881. Born in 1851, son of the late W. A. Redmond, member of the British House of Commons, Redmond had sat almost continuously in the British House of Commons since 1881. There his parliamentary fights for home rule earned for him the sobriquet of the "stern petrel of the House."

Educated in Clongowes, Woods College, Kildare, and Trinity College, Dublin, Redmond was called to the London bar in 1888 and the Irish bar the following year, but he never practiced law. He devoted himself almost wholly to his parliamentary and political duties.

Prior to his first election to Parliament from New Ross, Ireland, Redmond was for some time a clerk in the Vote Office of the House of Commons. From 1885 to 1891 he represented North Wexford, but in 1891 he was elected from Waterford and had been returned from that district since, generally without opposition.

Redmond's eloquence and his grasp of parliamentary procedure won him early recognition in Parliament. He was for some time a member of the Parnell committee, but he never practiced law. He devoted himself almost wholly to his parliamentary and political duties.

Priest's Opening Statement. Henry S. Priest, chief counsel for the United Railways Co., made an opening statement in which he said: "It appears to us that under normal conditions we could make showing which we think would entitle the company to the relief asked for. But there now exist times and conditions which make it imperative for this commission to grant that relief."

"We have no formula under which we hold the relief should be given, but we will present facts on which we believe that the commission, considering the capital invested and the public interest, will give relief."

"We are now pressed by questions of great gravity which are serious to the company. The cost of living has been greatly increased by the war, and the employees of the company are entitled to an advance in wages to meet that increase."

"This advance cannot be given unless the company has the means to pay the just demands of the men. I do not want to be understood as saying all the demands made by the representatives of the employees in written form are just, but they can have no relief unless this commission grants relief to the company."

"We analysed the demands of the employees, mean the addition of 10 per cent to the present rates."

JOHN E. REDMOND, LEADER OF IRISH NATIONALISTS, DIES

Death Is Attributed to Heart Failure, Following a Recent Operation.

LONG IN BRITISH HOUSE

Supported England in War, Thereby Earning Enmity of Sinn Fein Element.

LONDON, March 6 (By A. P.).—John E. Redmond, the celebrated Irish Nationalist leader, died this morning. He was 67 years old.

Redmond passed away peacefully at 7:45 o'clock this morning, following the recent operation.

Redmond, who underwent an operation in London last Friday, passed a fairly day yesterday and apparently was maintaining the progress shown Monday.

The Irish convention, which had been supported by Redmond, yesterday adopted a message of sympathy, in which an earnest wish was expressed for his early and complete recovery.

Operation Relieved Patient

The recent operation, which was for intestinal obstruction, was borne courageously and it relieved the patient, but heart disease intervened Tuesday night.

The physician attending Redmond issued the following announcement: "We regret to announce that John Redmond died at 7:45 this morning. Owing to several serious attacks of illness a severe operation was faced with great courage. It had become imperatively necessary, owing to an intestinal obstruction. This was relieved by the operation and for some days satisfactory progress was maintained. After a fairly comfortable day Tuesday heart failure supervened during the night and after a few hours Mr. Redmond passed peacefully away."

Home Rule Leader 25 Years

For more than twenty-five years Redmond fought for home rule for Ireland, and for a majority of that time he was the recognized leader of the Nationalists.

As chairman of the Irish parliament party, the Nationalists, he exerted a powerful influence in bringing about the creation of the Irish convention organized in July, 1917, to devise a system of government for the island.

When David Lloyd George, the British Premier, in that year offered two methods of settling the vexed Irish question, it was Redmond who rejected the proposition for a partition of Ireland and, instead, accepted Lloyd George's alternative plan for the convocation of the Irish convention in which Irishmen from all parties and creeds might meet in the effort to compose their differences and draft a constitution that would afford justice to all.

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Twice Visited America

Redmond was well known in the United States, which he visited in 1908 and 1910, and Australia, where in 1883 he not only performed a great service for his party in directing the collection of a fund of more than \$50,000, but found a wife in the person of Johanna Dalton, New South Wales heiress and beauty.

The Irish leader's first visit to this country proved a fiasco, but his second, made for the purpose ostensibly of attending the convention of the Nationalist party, was successful.

Continued on Page 2, Column 6.

Irish Nationalist Leader Who Succumbed Following Operation



JOHN E. REDMOND.

WISCONSIN ASSEMBLY CONDEMNS LA FOLLETTE FOR \$3,500,000 FRAUD

Resolution Passed by Vote of 53 to 32 After Session Lasting Over 24 Hours.

MADISON, Wis., March 6.—The resolution condemning Senator La Follette was passed by a vote of 53 to 32 in the State Assembly this afternoon, after a continuous session of more than 24 hours.

The loyalist strength, shown on a rollcall at 2:10 o'clock this morning, was 48 votes, three fewer than required. At 5:45 the weary members again voted on the oft-repeated motion to raise the call. The count was 47, says 39.

Socialist Blocks Breakfast. A new subject, in which everyone was vitally and obviously interested, namely, breakfast, brought out a motion by Assemblyman Donnelly for the motor truck contracts for the French army, was arrested here today and the Federal authorities were asked to return him to France.

According to the papers on which the warrant was issued, Goldsall, whose name previously was Godel, has been indicted in France. It is alleged that after being invalided from the French forces, Goldsall came to the United States with one of the French official missions and while not officially attached to them, let motor truck contracts for the French army. Investigations of the operations, the papers say, disclose that he exacted commissions ranging from 5 to 20 per cent from American manufacturers.

Immediately after his arrest Goldsall was arraigned before a United States Commissioner for hearing.

John B. Stanchfield of New York headed a group of lawyers who were here today to look after Goldsall's interests. He is said to be some time ago, was authorized by the New York Supreme Court to change his name from Godel to Goldsall on petition that his name was too Germanic.

In addition to indicting him, the French army already has ordered Goldsall back to active service.

MARCH WHOLESALE PRICE FOR MILK CUT TO \$3.10 A HUNDRED

New Contract Provides That Producers Shall Ship to Distributors Only Six Days a Week.

The wholesale price of milk for March was reduced, from \$2.20 to \$3.10 a hundred pounds (11.63 gallons) at a meeting yesterday. The St. Louis Milk Producers' Association and St. Louis distributors. This was said to be the Government minimum price for the Chicago district. The distributors had demanded a reduction to \$2.33.

The new contract provides that the producers shall ship only six days a week, taking the seventh day's milk and disposing of it to other dealers, the distributors claiming that the high prices reduced consumption and created a surplus that resulted in a loss to them.

St. Louis dealers reduced the price of milk 1 cent a quart, from 12 to 11 cents, on March 1. In the belief that the producers would make a substantial reduction in the wholesale price.

Dynamite, drills and other machinery offers appear from day to day in the Post-Dispatch Want pages.

17,000-TON BRITISH CONVERTED CRUISER SUNK BY TORPEDO

Calgarian, Fine Liner, Sent Down by Four Shots When Off the Irish Coast and Two Officers and 46 Men of 610 Aboard Are Lost.

Raiding Operations Continue

on the Battle Fronts, British Troops Capturing Prisoners and Material.

Reconnoitering Successfully

Carried Out at Several Points—Turks Report a Success in Palestine.

LONDON, March 6 (By A. P.).—Official announcement was made by the Admiralty today that the British armed merchant cruiser Calgarian was torpedoed and sunk March 1. Two officers and 46 men were lost. A dispatch from Belfast says there were 610 persons on board the Calgarian and she was struck by four torpedoes.

The Allan liner Calgarian was a vessel of 17,115 tons gross, 245 feet long and 10 feet beam. She was built in Glasgow in 1914 and for some time has been in the service of the British Government.

For some time the Calgarian has been conveying cargo ships between British ports and Nova Scotia.

Calgarian Remained Afloat on Even Keel for Some Time

AN IRISH PORT, Monday, March 4 (By A. P.).—The people of this town, who a few days ago won the gratitude of the American people by their kindness to the survivors from the Tuscania, have extended their hospitality in the last few days to nearly 100 men from the Calgarian, one of the finest auxiliary cruisers in the Atlantic service. The Calgarian was torpedoed in the late afternoon, not far from the place where the Tuscania met her doom.

The ship's bell had just sounded 4 o'clock when a torpedo struck. The shock was so slight that it was thought the vessel had merely touched a mine astern. It was hoped to get her safely to port.

After a second torpedo struck her, followed quickly by two more. By this time there were several travelers and patrol vessels in the vicinity and the work of disembarking the crew was hastened. The Calgarian remained afloat on an even keel for some time.

It was possible to take off nearly all the crew except men in the stove holds and others who had been injured by the explosions.

Most of the rescued men were brought here. Hot meals and dry clothes were provided, and these were turned over to them the same day which the Tuscania survivors had occupied a few days before.

Calgarian's Navigating Officer Commanded Empress of Ireland

MONTREAL, March 6 (By A. P.).—The Calgarian had made several trips between England and Halifax with distinguished passengers. On one occasion she carried Sir Robert Borden, the Canadian Prime Minister, and on another she brought over the Duke of Devonshire, Governor-General of Canada, after taking his predecessor in office, the Duke of Connaught, back to England.

The Calgarian's navigating officer, Capt. H. G. Kendall, commanded the Empress of Ireland when she sank after a collision with the Storstad, a collier, in the St. Lawrence in 1914. In the recent Halifax disaster he had a narrow escape from death. It was Capt. Kendall who identified the murderer Crippen on the steamship Montrose, when Crippen tried to escape from England on that ship, which Kendall then commanded.

British Make Several Raids, Capturing Some Prisoners

LONDON, March 6 (By A. P.).—English troops raided the enemy's trenches early this morning near Bullecourt, and captured a few prisoners and two machine guns, says today's War Office report. "Our casualties were slight. Successful raids also were carried out by our troops last night north of the Scarpe and in the neighborhood of Lens. South-east of Gouvaucourt a hostile raiding party was repulsed. Additional prisoners and a machine gun were taken by us as a result of these encounters."

Turks Report British Driven Back in Palestine

LONDON, March 6 (By A. P.).—A Turkish official communication received here today says: "On the Palestine front the enemy has been driven back out of Kajjar."

See Page 3 of Today's Post-Dispatch Magazine

**CROIX DE GU
WINNER A F
HARDWARE**

**David Alvin Smile
Louisian, Enlisted
When U. S. Ent**

Barely Passed Weight Aid of a Hearty a Deep Br

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he shook his head. I
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hardly an ounce to sp

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"Good-by, pa; good-
parents, who live at
Hannibal, and for th
he was one of the ho
at Jefferson Barracks
of distinction excep

When he went to time in the summer, member of C Battery Artillery. The Sixth things ever since it

and if there is a "quid pro quo," the Sixth has not seen it yet.

David Alvin's friend, who has heard that it was a German shell which fired that hole in the wall, can shell from the line into the German line. He has heard that he has heard that he has heard that men who worked near the gun got the gun into position.

Anyway, the Sixth has been in the thick of it since David Hickman

Louisan killed in
forces, was a member
of the Sixth, and
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Letters to Him
—So David Alvin ha
time for letter writi

Mrs. J. W. Smiley of the Post-Dispatch at Hanniba? the last have come from him cent, dated Jan. 12, write again for so first letter, dated Jan. "Dear Mother: "There is not m

now to tell you but
write anyway. I have
of letters from sister
one each from you
have received the post
Pettor. It was full
surely came in hand
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shy a package from
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"I blew myself \$10,000 worth of money for the Government. It is a waste and cost me \$6.60 a day. I am not so bad. If I had any pay com-

"We have our shoes now. We have a gramophone that works as good as new and a graphophone and a little music now when we want it."
"There is something more I want," he decided. "I can use only one pair of lace shoes. I wish you to get me a pair. Get them."

**TO RELIEVE OF
DEAFNESS AND
NOISES**

This will often be from the distress of a clogged nostril, which becomes easy and dropping into the tin to prepare, costs little to take. Anyone

Give this prescription

PROVES AUTO IT IN JOY RIDE

es and Spark Plug
friend's Machine
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CROIX DE GUERRE WINNER A FORMER HARDWARE CLERK

David Alvin Smiley, Once St. Louisan, Enlisted at Hannibal When U. S. Entered War.

SLIGHT AND THIN YOUTH

Barely Passed Weight Test With Aid of a Hearty Lunch and a Deep Breath.

He was as brave as he was thin; when the war broke out he broke right in. These words from a popular song exactly describe David Alvin Smiley, the former St. Louis youth who was decorated with the French croix de guerre (cross of war) by Premier Clemenceau, for exceptional bravery in the successful fight of American troops with the Germans in the Toul sector last Friday.

"When the war broke out," last April, David Alvin, who was working as a clerk in a hardware store in Hannibal, Mo. On the day that a United States recruiting officer appeared in Hannibal, he sold his last package of nails over the counter, and went to see about breaking into the war.

Barely Up to Required Weight. When the recruiting officer saw David Alvin without his clothes on he shook his head. He was too thin and slight, by all appearances, to meet Uncle Sam's requirements for weight. But David Alvin filled his lungs with air when he stepped on the scale, and with the help of the hearty lunch he had just eaten, he made the required weight, with hardly an ounce to spare.

That evening David Alvin said his "good-by, pa; good-by, ma," to his parents, who live at 1902 Broadway, Hannibal, and for the next few days he was one of the host of "rookies" at Jefferson Barracks, with no mark of distinction except that he was younger looking, and thinner, than most of the others. Then he was sent to Texas for training in the field artillery.

When he went to France, some time in the summer, he was a member of C Battery, Sixth Field Artillery. The Sixth has been doing things ever since it got to France, and if there is a "quiet sector" there, the Sixth has not seen it. David Alvin's friends in Hannibal have heard that it was C Battery which fired that historic first American shell from the French trenches into the German lines, Oct. 23. They have heard that he was one of the men who worked nearly all night to get the gun into position.

Anyway, the Sixth Artillery has been in the thick of the recent fighting. David Hickey, the first St. Louisan killed in the American forces, was a member of E Battery of the Sixth, and other casualties from the same organization have been officially reported, including the wounding of Charles E. Meyer of 3182 Marine avenue, also a member of E Battery.

Letters to His Mother. So David Alvin has not had much time for letter writing. His mother, Mrs. J. W. Smiley yesterday showed the Post-Dispatch correspondent in Hannibal the last two letters that have come from him. The most recent, dated Jan. 12, said: "I may not write again for some time." The first letter, dated Jan. 8, was:

"Dear Mother: There is not much of anything new to tell you but thought I would write anyway. I have had a couple of letters from sister this week and one each from you and Clarence. I have received the package from Mrs. Pettit. It was full of tobacco and surely came in handy as my reserve supply was getting low. I am still shy a package from you. I only got two of the three you sent."

"It is warming up a little and the snow is almost gone. It rained all day yesterday. The roads surely have been slick and the rain washed most of the ice off them. But for the past week it has been almost impossible to keep a horse on its feet."

"I blew myself today. I bought \$10,000 worth of insurance with the Government. It is made out to you and cost me \$6.50 a month. That is not so bad. I keep on I won't have any pay coming at all. I will owe the Government each month instead of them owing me."

"We have our shack fixed up some. We have a gasolene light that works as good as an electric light and a graphophone. So we have a little music now whenever we want it."

"There is something else I have decided I can use over here and that is a pair of lace boots (high-topped shoes). I wish you would send me a pair. Get them size 7 1/2 on a D."

TO RELIEVE CATARRHAL DEAFNESS AND HEAD NOISES

If you have Catarrhal Deafness or head noises go to a druggist and get 1 ounce of Parmitin (double strength) and add to it hot water and take a little sugar as directed in each package. Take 1 tablespoonful four times a day.

This will often bring quick relief. The cleansing and moistening of the throat should open breathing become easy and the mucus should be expelled from the throat. It is easy to prepare, costs little and is pleasant to take. Anyone who has Catarrhal Deafness or head noises should give this prescription a trial.—ADV.

Missouri Clerk Who Wins French Cross for Exceptional Bravery



DAVID ALVIN SMILEY.

or E last. I want them real high so they will come just below my knees. I suppose you will have sent my answers that I wrote about, by the time you get this. Maybe I will get everything I want after a while. With love, DAVID A. SMILEY. "Batt. C. 6th F. A. Amer. Exped. Force."

Tells of Getting His Boots. In the letter of Jan. 12 he wrote: "Dear Mother—Another week has rolled around and there is nothing new that I can write. I received a lot of papers this week, but that is all the mail I have had. We should have some Sunday mail tomorrow."

"We have had more snow and rain this week and it is snowing tonight. I have been issued all kinds of clothes this week and also hip boots. They are the best things we have gotten, because they surely will come in great in this wet country."

We were also issued sheepskin moccasins to go inside them. I have not seen Peter since yesterday. He hasn't received any of his Christmas packages and was raving because I had mine. "As there is nothing more to write, I will quit for this time. I may not write again for some time, but will write as soon as possible."

In the next letter, or in one soon to come, Mrs. Smiley hopes that David Alvin will have time to write her about how he carried messages to the artillery during the gas attack, and during the German raid through the barrage. She would also like to hear about the decoration ceremony, which took place Sunday, and she has noted with interest the hints that another decoration, the American medal for bravery, may be given to some of the six, including her son, who were honored by the French.

Went to School in St. Louis. David Alvin, like some other noted Missourians, is from Pike County, having been born in Bowling Green 21 years ago the 25th of last February. As a boy, he lived in St. Louis and attended the Grant School, Pennsylvania avenue and Crittenden street. At that time, his father was a United Railways conductor, and the family lived at 2349 Magnolia avenue. Five years ago the Smileys removed to Hannibal.

A croix de guerre winner at 21. To revert to the language of the song already quoted, "all one feller can do."

A Good Many "Want" Advertisers in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch are as Regular as Do the Important Stores. They "want" advertisements for exactly the same reason that the merchants advertise—to GET BUSINESS.

Especially does this apply to real estate renting agents and brokers, shrewd "hunters of business" who find that the want ad columns keep them in touch with prospective buyers and tenants.

If YOU have real estate to sell, or to rent, as owner or agent, your announcement in the Post-Dispatch want ad columns will reach the waiting audience—will be welcome to all who are PLANNING to BUY or RENT. Try a three-day advertisement less, produces more, seldom fails to satisfy.

Call at this office, at your druggist's, over your phone or mail your ad.

HOUSE NEAR Y. M. C. A. RAIDED

Three Women and Four Men Are Arrested. The work of "cleaning up" the neighborhood of the Central Y. M. C. A. Grand and Franklin avenues, where 150 airplane mechanics studying at the Ranken Trade School are billeted, was continued last night.

A house at 3234 Lucas avenue, conducted by Miss Emma Connors, was raided and Miss Connors and two other women and four men were arrested. Miss Connors was charged with keeping a disorderly house. Miss Connors says her place is a boarding house.

NELSON CUNLIFF'S CLAIM IS APPEALED

Park Commissioner Had Been Put in Classes 4 and 3-D of Draft.

Douglas W. Robert, Government appeal attorney in the Twenty-eighth Ward, today appealed to the District Appeals Board the dependency claim of Nelson Cunliff, \$319 Cates avenue, City Park Commissioner.

The questionnaire, however, failed to show whether the local or district board put Cunliff in Class 3. One of the clerks at the Ward Board said Cunliff's occupational claim had not been acted upon. The questionnaire shows that it was and that Cunliff was put in Class 3 on that ground. Records at the District Board show that that board had not acted on the case.

The selective service regulations provide that an elective state or city officer is to be given deferred classification and appointive officers are not to be considered essential.

Robert, when asked whether he had appealed Cunliff's dependency or industrial classification, said he did not recall the details of the appeal but that he had decided to "put it up" to the District Board. He said that he had not noticed Cunliff's industrial classification.

James C. Jones, chairman of the Twenty-eighth Ward board, at his office, said he did not remember whether Cunliff's classification on industrial grounds had been acted upon. W. C. Singer, another member of the Twenty-eighth Ward board, is out of the city, and Dr. A. E. Tassig, the third member, could not be reached.

Men Called to Service Must Give Up Registration Cards. All men who are called into service by the draft will be compelled to surrender their registration and final classification cards to their local boards, as a result of an order received by St. Louis draft boards today, to prevent "slackers" from getting the cards and using them as their own.

In the event a drafted man cannot show his cards, the matter will be reported to the Adjutant-General and an investigation will be made.

YOUR FRECKLES

Need Attention in March or Face May Stay Covered.

Now is the time to take special care of the complexion if you wish it to look well the rest of the year. The March winds have a strong tendency to bring out freckles that may stay all Summer unless removed. Now is the time to use ointment—double strength.

This prescription for the removal of freckles was written by a prominent physician and is usually so successful that it is sold by druggists under guarantee to refund the money if it fails. Get an ounce of ointment—double strength, and even a few applications should show a wonderful improvement, some of the smaller freckles even vanishing entirely.—ADVERTISEMENT.

LIEUT. J. T. MAGUIRE WRITES OF BEING WOUNDED TWICE

Lawyer and Former St. Louis University Football Captain Hit by Shrapnel, Later by Bullet.

MAN AIDING HIM KILLED

Letter of Feb. 14 to Partners Says Injuries Are Not Severe and He Soon Will Be Out Again.

Lieut. John T. Maguire of 4429 Olive street, a lawyer, who was commissioned at the first officer's training camp at Fort Riley last summer and who is in France with a Company, Eighteenth United States Infantry, has written a letter describing how he was wounded in the American trenches. He also disclosed that previously when a piece of shrapnel had knocked him down, one of his men who had stooped to pick him up was killed by shrapnel.

The War Department on Feb. 15 made announcement that Lieut. Maguire had been wounded on Feb. 6. The following interesting letter from him, describing the circumstances, was received today by M. X. Morris and Arthur Zachritz, his law partners. It was written Feb. 14 in Field Hospital No. 13.

Letter Telling of Wounds. The letter follows:

"Dear Old Boy: "If you only knew how I enjoy your letters and smile when I see that old 506 Times Building on the stationery. Keep it up! Incidentally I received two dandy big boxes of cigars from you several days before we went into the line (you, of course, know that the Americans are 'in' now), and, believe me, they went right with me into a dugout in the front line, where I found myself from old Fritz. Your thoughtful gift could not have been better timed. Thanks, awfully."

"Had one pretty close shave. One night, during a bombardment, a shell burst in my trench near where I was. A piece of the shrapnel tore through my steel helmet over my left eye and bruised my face up, knocked me down and gave me a 'shiner.' It looked more like the outcome of a football game than the war, but to the helmet undoubtedly I owe the sight of my right eye today. One of my men, who was near me at the time, stooped down to pick me up, saying, 'Lieutenant, are you hurt?' and even as he attempted to assist me, fell over dead—three pieces of shrapnel in his body. So you see I am beginning to see war."

Wounded a Second Time. "Am at present in American Field Hospital No. 13, wounded. Several nights after the incident I mention, I was unfortunate enough to get between a bullet and what it was headed for. It entered my upper arm and came out in the fleshy part of my shoulder, luckily no bones touched and I am doing fine. Expect to be out in a day or two and back with my company in a week or two. By the time you receive this I shall have forgotten all about it. But you see my star is evidently following me about."

"Some mail just came to me here at the hospital. Sixteen letters—some of them from Artie (thanks, Artie) and another box of cigars. You fellows are sure there and I'll never forget it, and if you could just see the French cigars we get! It's a mighty fine feeling to know that we have friends behind us who are thinking of us and doing their bit."

"There's no doubt in my mind that this war will make out of a grander, finer nation than she has ever been, even as it has Great Britain. So long, boys, good luck; God bless you. Remember me to John R. and know that you have the everlasting gratitude of your real 'Buddy,' JOE M. J. T. MAGUIRE."

Lieut. Maguire is 25 years old. He was quarterback on the St. Louis University football team in 1910-11-12, and was Captain of the eleven in 1912.

Chilean Schooner Picked Germans Up on Easter Islands, Which They Reached After Raider Was Lost.

VALPARAISO, March 6 (By A. P.).—The Chilean schooner Falcon, having on board the crew of the German auxiliary cruiser See Adler, has arrived here from Easter Islands, where it was captured after the steamer was lost.

The See Adler was believed to have been the former American bark Pass of Baltimore, which sailed for the South Atlantic for many months and sank at least 11 merchantmen. The commander of the raider, Count von Luckner, declared that she had sunk 25 vessels. Various reports were current regarding the fate of the raider and her officers and crew. A British destroyer was said to have sent her to the bottom; another report had it that the raider had straggled, and still another that she had been destroyed by fire. Dispatches also stated that the Captain of the raider and five of the crew were captured off the Fiji Islands.

Diamond Rings, Pay \$1 a week. Letts Bros. & Co., 24 N. 308 N. 6th st.—ADV.

Delaware Legislature Meets March 11 DOVER, Del., March 6 (By A. P.). Gov. Townsend has called a special session of the Delaware Legislature to convene March 11. It will be asked to consider ways and means for co-operation with the National Council of Defense, to take up the ratification of the proposed national prohibition amendment and to consider also other bills.

El Maron Pedro Cigar, 6c. Quality and size warrants the price.—ADV.

Seattle Elects Hanson Mayor. SEATTLE, Wash., March 6 (By A. P.).—Ole Hanson, former member of the Washington State Legislature, was chosen Mayor of Seattle over James E. Bradford, former Corporation Counsel. Mayor H. C. Gill was eliminated from the mayoralty race in the primaries.

ADDITIONAL AMERICAN CASUALTIES OF MARCH 1

Pershing Reports Lieutenant and Three Men Killed, Five Others Wounded.

WASHINGTON, March 6 (By A. P.).—Gen. Pershing has cabled the War Department the names of another Lieutenant and three more enlisted men killed and five additional men severely wounded on March 1, the day of the German assault on an American trench near Toul. This brought the total casualties of that date, thus far reported to the department, to three Lieutenants and 17 men dead, one Captain, one Lieutenant, and 16 men severely wounded and 10 men slightly wounded.

The additional men reported as killed were: First Lieutenant David E. Summers, Jonesboro, Ga., and Privates Knute Olson, Stoughton, Wis.; Bruno Sikowski, Joliet, Ill., and Lloyd W. Spetz, Bismarck, N. D.

The five men reported severely wounded were: Corp. Oliver D. Dearborn, Decatur, Ill., and Privates Roy J. Collins, Petersburg, Ill.; Frank J. Houle, Ware, Mass.; Giuseppe Fanucchi, San Francisco, and Williams Rhoades, Sequel, Cal.

Gen. Pershing also reported that Second Lieutenant John Flenniken, Lynn, Mass., was killed in action Feb. 27, and that three privates of a machine gun battalion were severely wounded Feb. 28. They were William Wass, Watertown, Mass.; Roy P. Metcalf, Irasburg, Vt., and Raymond Pease, Lyndonville, Vt.

The names of men who have been slightly wounded in action also were reported as follows: Sergt. Sydney A. Morency, St. Johnsbury, Vt., Feb. 27; Privates Ernest G. Bowen, Carthage, Tenn., and William C. Ciesel, Montgomery, Ind., Feb. 26; Ralph J. Bean, Littleton, N. H., Feb. 28; Clarence R. Hill, Middleboro, Ky., March 2, and James W. Patrick, Phoenix, Ala., and George M. Hazelbush, Pittsburgh, March 3. Corp. Leslie S. Bean of Poplar Bluff, Mo., was reported slightly wounded in action Feb. 24.

Cadet George Phillippoteaux, New York City, died Feb. 25 as the result of an airplane accident. Private Edward H. Crane of Malden, Mass., died Feb. 24 from gunshot wounds.

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We Sell Butterick Patterns

Mugents Central 3900 Olive 3900

BLOUSES Selected with a desire to have the best in town for \$5.00

Georgettes and Crepe de Chines of delicate hue and more daring ones of high coral, Nile, rose, electric blue.

Beading is as popular as ever and very fetching when combined with a touch of hand-embroidered motif. Two-tone models are attractive and shown in various styles.

Semi-tailored Blouses are exceedingly smart with turnings and hemstitching. Many of the collars may be worn high or low.

(Second Floor)

Yd. Wide Percales, Thursday, 19c 4 to 10 yard lengths of Percale; white grounds with black and colored stripes. 36 in. wide. Made to sell for 25c and 29c. (Downstairs.)

3 Great Rug Offers Bigelow Hartford's extra quality close weave Axminster Rugs; choice selection in attractive patterns; Oriental, Persian and \$30.75

all over designs; 9x12 ft. \$26.80

Alexander Smith's seamless medium quality Tapestry Brussels Rugs; desirable patterns for bed or dining rooms; 9x12 ft., Thursday, \$16.75

Standard quality Axminster Rugs; large selection of choice patterns in late designs; 9x12 feet, Thursday, \$26.80

(Third Floor.)

WAR INDUSTRIES BOARD GIVEN MORE POWER

Reorganization, With Baruch as Chairman, Announced by the President.

WASHINGTON, March 6 (By A. P.).—Reorganization of the War Industries Board, with Bernard M. Baruch of New York as chairman and with vastly increased powers to control the output of American industry during the war, was announced by President Wilson yesterday.

Final determination of all questions of priority in deliveries to any department of the United States Government and to the allies is vested in the board, and it is charged with co-ordinating and anticipating the needs of any of these, creating or improving facilities for the production and advising as to prices.

Much of the power is given to the chairman with the board acting in an advisory capacity, and he, the President says, should "act as the general eye to all supply departments in the field of industry."

Through the board it is proposed to eliminate all competition for supplies between the various departments and the allies, thus meeting in a measure at least, the demand in Congress for centralization of power. There were suggestions today that the action now announced is one of the steps contemplated by the President when he sent to the Senate a measure at least, the demand in Congress for centralization of power.

The President prescribed the new duties of the board in a letter to Mr. Baruch, requesting him to accept the chairmanship as successor to Daniel Willard, who recently resigned to devote his entire attention to his duties as president of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad and as chairman of the Advisory Commission of the Council of National Defense.

THAT PARAMOUNT CIGAR "A rose by any other name would smell as sweet"—as Paramount 10c.—ADV.

Army Band of Harmonica Players. WASHINGTON, March 6 (By A. P.).—A band composed of 1000 harmonica players is being organized among the members of the Seventy-ninth Division at Camp Meade, Md. The War Department Commission on Training Camp Activities is considering organizing a mouth organ band in each division.

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(Third Floor.)

WOMAN IS SHOT BY SOLDIER-HUSBAND

Camp Funston Man, Home on Furlough, Arrested in Saloon Three Hours Later.

Private Henry W. Tebbe Jr., 24 years old, of 4184 South Main street, fired three shots at his wife, Miss Frances Tebbe, 18 years old, in front of their home at 7:30 o'clock last night. Two of the bullets entered the right breast and hip.

Tebbe ran away after the shooting. He threw his revolver into the Mississippi River and then went to a saloon at Broadway and Rutger street, where policemen found him three hours later.

Mrs. Tebbe, at the city hospital, said her husband had listened to unfounded gossip about her and had accused her of receiving attentions from another man. She was about to embrace him, she said, when he shot her.

Tebbe said he had come home on a furlough from Camp Funston and had seen his wife talking to a man whom he had advised her to avoid. Last night, he said, as he was getting ready to return to Camp Funston, he asked his wife to kiss him good-by. She treated him with indifference, he said, and expressed the wish that she would never see him again.

Tebbe's mother, Mrs. Barbara Tebbe, 52 years old, who witnessed the shooting, became hysterical and was taken to the city hospital.

Police Look for Missing Girls. The police have been asked to look for two girls who have been missing from home for several days. They are Neva Langley, 16, of 889 Wright street, and Fern Flewelling, 18, of 6317 Chatham avenue.

Sore Throat and Colds Disappear Over Night

At the first sign of a cold, with the hand just rub on VapoRub well over the throat and chest at night, covering with a warm flannel cloth. Leave the clothing and bedclothes loose around the neck so the vapors may be freely inhaled all night long. Apply a little VapoRub up the nostrils and if the throat is sore, swallow a piece the size of a pea. In the morning the head will be clear and the soreness in the throat gone. All St. Louis druggists have VapoRub. Three sizes, 25c, 50c and \$1.00.—ADV.

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Copyright, Hart Schaffner & Marx

Buy only what you need

Be sure it's good

Figure the cost of clothes by the month, or year, not by the price; good clothes are cheaper than "cheap" ones; get the kind that do the economizing for you.

All-wool fabrics; distinctive styles, tailored to keep shape. Our label is the sign of these things. A small thing to look for, a big thing to find.

Hart Schaffner & Marx

Good Clothes Makers

Buy what you need here; Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes are always good value

Wolff's

Washington Av. at Broadway

MAN CONVICTED OF TRYING TO HINDER ARMY RECRUITING

Federal Jury Ignores Instructions of Judge Pollock in Strnad Case.

A jury in the United States District Court today returned a sealed verdict finding Frank Strnad, a saloon keeper at Menard and Carroll streets, guilty of violating the espionage act by obstructing the enlistment and recruiting service of the United States Government.

The action of the jury was directly contrary to instructions given to it by Judge Pollock, whose interpretation of the law was favorable to the defendant.

After the jury had returned the verdict, Judge Pollock announced he would defer sentence until tomorrow morning. The maximum under the law is a \$10,000 fine, 20 years' imprisonment in the penitentiary, or both.

Strnad was charged with having told Ignace Kosarican, on Sept. 6, in his saloon, that he (Strnad) would kill him if he attempted to enlist in the army. Kosarican now is a member of the National Army, in training at Camp Sheridan.

The jury comprised men from all parts of the State, including several from St. Louis.

Kosarican Tells of Threat.
Kosarican testified in Strnad's saloon on the night of Sept. 6, in a general conversation, he mentioned to the saloonkeeper that he had decided to enlist in the army instead of waiting to be drafted. He quoted the saloon keeper as saying:

"You ought to be ashamed of yourself for even thinking of going over and fighting against your own people. If I thought for a minute you meant to enlist I'd kill you before you got out of here."

Peter Nebelich, the Government's only other witness, testified that on the day the United States declared war against Germany he went into Strnad's saloon with a newspaper telling of the Government's action and started a discussion of it with the saloonkeeper.

Strnad, he said, took a revolver from a drawer back of the bar and, firing a shot into the floor, declared "That's what I'd do to all the damned Americans."

Strnad, on the witness stand, denied this incident, and also denied having threatened young Kosarican. Several witnesses for Strnad testified that they had overheard Kosarican say more than two years ago he would "fix" the saloon keeper, following a quarrel they had had. These witnesses, as well as the defendant himself, required the services of an interpreter in giving their testimony, although the latter has been in this country 14 years.

Judge Pollock's Instructions.
In his instructions to the jury, Judge Pollock said it devolved upon the Government in the case to prove three things: first, that Strnad did obstruct the recruiting and enlistment service; second, that such obstruction was to the injury of the military service of the United States, and third, that it was caused by the defendant, employing the threat alleged in the indictment.

This ruling is directly opposed to that of Judge Dyer on the same point, made in overruling a demurrer in the trial of Eugene J. Deane, convicted by a jury last week, when Judge Dyer held that it was necessary for the Government to prove only an attempt on the part of Deane to obstruct the recruiting and enlistment service by an offer to put drugs in the eyes of a registrant in the draft to keep him from passing the physical tests for the service.

"There is a great deal of loose thinking and talking these days," said Judge Pollock in instructing the jury, "and we must not permit any prejudices we have to influence us in such serious matters as trials of this nature. The espionage law must be enforced in the same manner and with the same calm and cool deliberation that other criminal statutes are enforced."

"Obstruct means to restrict, to hinder or delay. The Government must prove the obstruction. This is not a statute which includes an attempt to do something as a violation."

Must Prove Injury to Service.
"The Government must also prove that the obstruction was to the injury of the service and that it was done in the precise manner charged in the indictment; by a threat to kill this soldier boy if he voluntarily enlisted."

Judge Pollock then pointed out to the jury that Kosarican had enlisted and is now a part of the military establishment. The Judge called attention to the fact that his induction into the army came on Sept. 19, only 13 days after the day on which he says Strnad threatened him.

In giving the case to the jurors the Judge again called their attention to the law.

"The Government must prove that this man did obstruct recruiting and that by so doing the service was actually injured," he said. "This is the law and we must administer it as it was written by the lawmakers."

Beautiful Sweet Peas, 15c a Bunch.
Cash, Take, Grimm & Gory, ADV.

Iron Pipe Valued at \$300 Stolen.
The theft of 3000 feet of 2-inch iron pipe from a vacant lot at Carrie avenue and Conduit street was reported yesterday afternoon by Thomas Hogan of the Hogan Construction Co. The pipe was valued at \$300.

Watches and Diamonds on credit.
Price 50c to \$1.00. 200 N. 2nd St. - A. J. (C)

Galli-Curci sings a joyous love lyric

Marriage of Figaro—I Know Not What I'm Doing (Mozart)
Amelita Galli-Curci
Victrola Red Seal Record 64748. Ten-inch, \$1



The passionate love song of the saucy young page Cherubino in Mozart's "Marriage of Figaro" is an aria that merits the interpretation of a Galli-Curci.

It is a number that is alive with melody; that gives color to every fleeting change of the emotions.

This famous coloratura soprano sings it with a sympathy that vividly portrays the eagerness and joy and tenderness surging within the heart of the love-sick youth. It is a record that will delight every lover of fine music.

Go to-day to any Victor dealer's and he will gladly play this new Galli-Curci record for you. Victrolas and Victor Records, \$10 to \$400.

Victor Talking Machine Company, Camden, N. J.

Important Notice. Victor Records and Victor Machines are scientifically coordinated and synchronized in the processes of manufacture, and their use, one with the other, is absolutely essential to a perfect reproduction. New Victor Records demonstrated at all dealers on the 1st of each month.

Victrola

"Victrola" is the Registered Trade-mark of the Victor Talking Machine Company designating the products of this Company only.

If your skin itches just use

Resinol



Resinol Ointment, with Resinol Soap, usually stops itching instantly. Unless the trouble is due to some serious internal disorder, it quickly and easily heals most cases of eczema, rash, or similar tormenting skin or scalp eruption, even when other treatments have given little relief. Physicians prescribe Resinol extensively. Sold by all druggists.

BELL-ANS
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. Druggists refund money if it fails. 25c

A MOST ACCEPTABLE LOAF
Loyalty BREAD
NAFZIGER BAKING CO.

1918 World and POST-DISPATCH Almanac

War Information Edition

NOW ON SALE

at the Post-Dispatch Counter and at Newsstands

and Wherever Books or Periodicals Are Sold

30c



By Mail, Postpaid, 35c

Most persons enjoy "trading." POST-DISPATCH Want Ad offers make exchanges a pleasure.



In eating Grape-Nuts Food

you remark about wholesome sweet taste

This is not "put together" but is developed from the wheat and barley which it is made twenty hours' cooking under exact conditions of temperature.

And another point: This sweetness never turns to sugar. It is natural sweetness—added, and is just what the body requires energy for the day's work.

"There's a Reason"

Cable workers find... through Post-Dispatch

ST. LOUIS
DETROIT

Fresh in a C



Slip-C

Beautiful for O

Knitted slip round neck and ors and combi mand for sport showing at this





In eating Grape-Nuts Food

you remark about its wholesome sweet taste.

This is not "put there" but is developed from the wheat and barley of which it is made by twenty hours cooking under exact conditions of temperature.

And another point! This sweetness never disturbs digestion. It is natural sweetness—not added, and is just what the body requires for energy for the day's work.

"There's a Reason"

Cable workers find good positions through Post-Dispatch Wa ts

CONCESSIONS IN U. R. BILL PROPOSED BY MAYOR KIEL

Abolition of Mill Tax to Be Taken Up at Conference to Make Changes.

KINSEY TO SET THE DATE

Plan for "Relief" to Enable Company to Meet Demands for Increased Pay.

Representatives of the United Railways and members of the Chamber of Commerce will help the Board of Public Service in amending the pending "compromise" bill to include the demands of the company and the concessions proposed by Mayor Kiel at the conference in the Mayor's office yesterday afternoon.

President Kinsey of the Board of Public Service was delegated by Mayor Kiel to set the date of the meeting for this purpose. He had fixed no time late yesterday. Mayor Kiel instructed Kinsey to invite representatives of the United Railways, a committee of the Chamber of Commerce and members of "such other organizations as he sees fit."

Amendments, to which Mayor Kiel and other city officials have

given their assent, would introduce into the pending bill these provisions:

Abolition of the mill tax and the franchise taxes, aggregating \$480,000 a year.

Extension of the time period allowed for the payment by the company of the accrued mill taxes, amounting, with interest, to \$2,500,000.

Acceptance of the new franchise ordinance by the company practically at its own convenience.

Recognition of \$60,000,000 as the valuation of the company's properties, which, President McCulloch announced, would be returned for assessment by the State Board of Equalization at that figure.

The bill now awaiting a report from the Board of Public Service, after having been finally amended by the Board of Aldermen, abolishes

THE EASIEST WAY TO END DANDRUFF

There is one sure way that never fails to remove dandruff completely and that is to dissolve it. This destroys it entirely. To do this, just get about four ounces of plain, ordinary liquid arvon; apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

By morning, most if not all, of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single sign and trace of it, no matter how much dandruff you may have.

You will find, too, that all itching and digging of the scalp will stop instantly and your hair will be fluffy, lustrous, glossy, silky and soft, and look and feel a hundred times better.

You can get liquid arvon at any drug store. It is inexpensive, and this simple remedy has never been known to fail.—ADV.

the mill tax and the franchise taxes, a tax of 2 per cent of the company's gross earnings and a surtax on its net revenues above 7 per cent on the \$60,000,000 valuation established; requires the payment of the accrued mill tax within 30 days; allows nine months after the adoption of the ordinance for its acceptance by the company.

Passage of Measure Urged. Thomas M. Pierce, attorney for the United Railways, urged at yesterday's conference that the bill and the amendments suggested by the company's representatives and Mayor Kiel be adopted immediately by the Board of Aldermen without further consideration by the aldermanic Public Utilities Committee, which had the measure under consideration for about eight months.

Pierce and other spokesmen for the company made it plain that the company would not be satisfied with the abolition of the mill tax and occupation taxes and the withdrawal of the city's legal fight on the Jefferson avenue franchise. Pierce said the company must have a new franchise until 1918, and a recognition of the valuation of \$60,000,000 for which it has been contending.

Mayor Kiel said he took it for granted that the company would continue its efforts to obtain from the State Public Service Commission an increase in fares. Pierce and other representatives of the United Railways indicated that there was no intention on the company's part of abandoning its fight for a higher fare.

Tax on \$60,000,000 Valuation.

It was estimated by Comptroller Nott that if the company returned its property for taxation on the basis of \$60,000,000, its taxes under the lowest rate likely to be fixed for St. Louis would be \$1,080,000, or \$181,000 more than it now pays. The company's previous assessment was about \$19,000,000.

The Comptroller opposed the abolition of the mill tax unless there was assurance of the payment of an equal or larger payment of taxes on the company's properties.

President McCulloch, Murray Carleton and A. L. Shapleigh, directors, and Special Attorney Pierce, several times in the course of the discussions yesterday, stated that the United Railways had long realized the justice of paying higher wages to its employees, but that financial difficulties had prevented. Yesterday was the first time that officials ever publicly urged the passage of the "compromise" as a means of increasing the earnings of its employees. At the public hearing Nov. 13, 1917, before the aldermanic Public Utilities Committee, Attorney Pierce pointed to many motormen and conductors who were present and declared that they were loyal to the company and well satisfied with their employment.

Danes for Abandoning Bill.

When Mayor Kiel, the company's officials and a committee of the Chamber of Commerce spoke in behalf of the abolition of taxes and the granting of a new franchise, City Counselor Danes said he had hoped "we could abandon the pending bill, repeal the mill tax, dissolve the suit in the Jefferson avenue case and enter a stay of execution to give the company time to pay the accrued mill tax," to afford immediate relief.

"But the company says this won't do," Danes said.

"I must fight the increase of fares because I don't think it's right," Counselor Danes continued. "The company should have some relief, and I want them to show the Board of Public Service that the abolition of the mill tax will relieve them. Give them anything but an increase in fares. It would be a hardship to pay more than 5 cents for a ride on a car."

"It's a hardship to pay more for eggs, too, but we have to do it," Mayor Kiel interposed.

Committee for Abolishing Mill Tax.

Members of the Chamber of Commerce at the conference said the special committee appointed by President Jackson Johnson to recommend a form of compromise was unanimous in urging the abolition of the mill tax and all other special taxes now collected from the company.

If the pending "compromise" after amendment to suit the company, were passed immediately and ratified by the people, it could not become operative within less than a year, and would not before that time save the company from the mill tax and franchise taxes.

Pierce and others speaking for the company contended that while this is true, the effect of the settlement would be to improve the company's credit and enable it to borrow money.

An increase of 5 cents an hour in the wages of motormen, conductors and shopmen would add \$710,000 a year to the company's payroll, Pierce stated to the Board of Public Service a week ago. The aggregate of the mill tax and franchise taxes is \$480,000 a year.

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, credit, Lefebvre & Co., 24 ft. 308 N. 6th st.—ADV.

PICTURE SHOWS FOR HOSPITAL

First of Series to Be Given at Lorelei Building Friday Night.

The first of a series of motion picture shows, for the benefit of the St. Louis Maternity Hospital, will be held at the Lorelei Building, 4225 Olive street, Friday night, at 7:30 o'clock. The fund raised will be used in caring for the wives of United States soldiers and sailors.

Other performances will be given Saturday at 2 p. m., and at the same time on March 9, 16, 23 and 30.

Straw Valued at \$1218 Burns.

Fire destroyed 5472 bales of straw valued at \$1218 in the yards of the Laclede-Christy Clay Products Co., Manchester and Sulphur avenues, yesterday afternoon. A spark from a switch engine caused the blaze. It was six hours before three fire engine companies had reduced the fire to smoldering embers.

SHOT FIRED DURING A FIGHT

Two Arrests Follow Employment of

George Belcher, a saloon keeper at 519 Market street, has been having trouble with union waiters because he employed a negro non-union waiter. Last night two men sat down at a table in a back room of the saloon and ordered drinks. The negro served them. There was

ly had hit him. Scully insisted that the negro had started the fight. Both were arrested. Belcher said that he had fired the shot to attract the police.

El Marra Pedro Cigar, 6c. Quality and size warrants the price. —ADV.

OCEAN STEAMERS.



FIFTH Avenue—and the millinery business in Cuba, Jamaica, Central and South America.

Along with other things, America is getting something of a reputation in the Latin Americas for women's hats. The impression is going South that Fifth Avenue millinery skill cannot be bettered the world over.

And when it comes to style Fifth Avenue is fairly typical of American standards. To exporters of millinery the United Fruit Company offers the services of its organization and its Great White Fleet of passenger and freight steamers—in the planning of representatives' trips to the Southern Americas and in the packing and shipping of merchandise. May we co-operate with you?

Passenger Traffic Department
UNITED FRUIT COMPANY
STEAMSHIP SERVICE
Chicago Boston New Orleans New York



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ly had hit him. Scully insisted that the negro had started the fight. Both were arrested. Belcher said that he had fired the shot to attract the police.

Are You Eating Loyalty Bread?
NAFZIGER BAKING CO.

Thursday Special

One Thousand

New Spring Coats

Out for the First Time Thursday

\$19.75 \$25 \$29.75

Spring's First Coat Successes

The semi-sporting models of the roadster types, too. Town topcoats with plaited backs and Paletot effects. Collars of contrasting silks—novelty ornaments and braid trimmings. Poplins, Gabardines, Velours, Serges. Brilliant collections of colors.

No Charge for Alterations

At the New **Bedell** Fashion Shop

In Washington Ave. at Seventh St.

At the New **Bedell** Fashion Shop

In Washington Ave. at Seventh St.

In Washington Ave. at Seventh St.

Thursday We Will Feature a Number of

WOMEN'S SPRING SUITS

Including 75 Women's Sample Garments

All of Which Are Unusual Values at

\$35.00

THIS is a Suit-buying opportunity that is as rare as it is timely. The Suits are of a very high order, distinctive in style and tailored throughout in a very high-grade manner.

The fabrics used are those that will be accorded first favor the coming season, and they are all of thoroughly dependable quality.

In addition to our usual splendid values at \$35.00 we have added a splendid sample lot—one or two of a kind—which are such special values that we strongly urge your early attendance.

None sent C. O. D. or on approval.

(Third Floor.)

Beautiful Spring Dresses

A Collection of Smart Modes in an Initial Showing, Priced at

\$34.75

In these captivating Dresses will be seen every new note in the Spring fashions. They are garments distinctively fashioned from high-grade materials, and come in the new modes—among them are:

Dainty Taffeta Silks in gingham checks and plaids, with batiste front and Holland cuffs. Styles that are particularly popular among the younger women.

Combination Georgette-and-Sat in Afternoon Frocks, embroidery trimmed, in a wide range of colors, suitable for matronly women.

Taffeta-and-Georgette Combinations, in extra sizes, in navy, black and Burgundy. Sizes 46 to 52.

Fine Tailored Frocks in Treco and Serge, so much desired by the woman who likes tailored effects.

(Third Floor.)

Stix, Baer & Fuller

GRAND-LEADER

SIXTH-WASHINGTON-SEVENTH & LUCAS

Lucille Cavanagh

Will sell Thrift

Stamps here on

Thursday at 1 P. M.

(Main Floor.)

Klines

606-608 Washington, Thru to Sixth

Fresh, New Spring Waists in a Great "DOLLAR" Sale



Table after table of these fresh, crisp, delightfully new Waists for Spring. Very pretty styles of white voile trimmed with lace; tailored styles in striped voiles with new collars in white or contrasting colors; scores of new effects; and every waist a splendid value.

Thursday Morning Special! \$2.95 Crepe de Chine Waists

195 of our regular \$2.95 Crepe de Chine Waists; slightly mussed from handling; all sizes; white and light shades; on sale as long as the lot lasts. \$1.95

Slip-Over Sweaters

Beautiful, Practical New Styles for Out-in-the-Open Wear

Knitted slip-over Sweaters with new round neck and square collars; solid colors and combinations; very much in demand for sports costumes; a splendid showing at this popular price. \$5

Exceedingly Smart Spring Suits

In Three Groups

\$25 \$35 \$45

Tailored styles; novelty styles in Eton, Boleros and waistcoat effects, and a wealth of distinguished dressy styles that make one feel fitly garbed for anywhere. New Spring fabrics—tricotines, wool serges, gabardines, Poirer twills, wool velours, checks and mixtures.

35c 45c

35c 45c

35c 45c

35c 45c

94 PER CENT OF WOMEN REGISTERED CAST VOTE

Only 26 Per Cent of Men Record Choice in Four New York Districts.

NEW YORK, March 6.—The Democrats scored a marked victory in each of the four congressional districts in which special elections were held yesterday, indicating popular support of the policies of the administration at Washington and insuring continued Democratic control in the House.

Three of the districts, ordinarily classed as Democratic, returned pluralities for the Democratic candidates which, considering the size of the total vote cast, were literally overwhelming. The Twenty-first, which is classed as Republican, gave the Democratic a plurality of 3102. So poorly did the Republican candidate run in the Bronx district, the Twenty-second, that he was "nosed out" for second place by the Socialist candidate, with a differ-

ence of 211 votes. It was in this alone, however, that the Socialists made any showing worth mentioning.

Women cast nearly 50 per cent of the vote, the men, as usual, failing to turn out in large numbers for a special election. The woman vote was approximately 94 per cent of its total strength. The male vote was little more than 26 per cent in these districts in years past.

Those elected succeed to places vacated by Democrats who resigned. They were Congressmen Hubert, Fitzgerald, Bruckner and Griffin. The men elected are John J. Delaney, William E. Cleary, Jerome F. Donovan and Anthony J. Griffin.

The total vote cast was 78,192, and 31,958 women out of 35,205 registered voted.

Women Vote Eight More Vermont Towns Dry.

MONTPELIER, Vt., March 6 (By A. P.).—With women exercising full municipal suffrage for the first time in Vermont, the number of liquor license communities was reduced to 19, as compared with 18 last year. Women are credited with turning two of the largest cities in the State, Burlington and St. Albans, from the wet to the dry column.

GEN. HAIG TELLS ABOUT BRITISH CAMBRAI REVERSE

German Surprise Assault From Air Factor in Overwhelming His Forces.

LONDON, March 6.—A long dispatch from Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, which discusses frankly the reverses suffered by the British troops after their successful attack before Cambrai last November, has been made public by the War Office. No blame is attached to anyone for the withdrawal from the captured territory. The success of the German counter attack was due to the surprise with which it was delivered.

Discussing the reasons for the decision to attack on the Cambrai front, Field Marshal Haig says the repeated assaults in Flanders had caused a weakening of the enemy's line elsewhere and that of these weakened sectors that of Cambrai

was deemed the most suitable for the surprise operation contemplated. The ground being favorable for the employment of tanks, the plan being to dispense with previous artillery preparation which would have prevented secrecy, and depend, instead, on the tanks to smash their way through the enemy's line.

"The enemy," writes the Field Marshal, "was laying out fresh lines of defense behind those which he had already completed on the Cambrai front, and it was to be expected his troops would be redistributed as soon as our pressure in Flanders relaxed. He had already brought large forces from Russia in exchange for divisions exhausted in the struggle in the western theater, and it was practically certain that heavy reinforcements would be brought from the east to the west during the winter."

"Against the arguments in favor of immediate action, I had to weigh the fact that my own troops had been engaged many months in heavy fighting. The conditions of the struggle had greatly taxed their strength. Only a part of the losses of my divisions had been replaced and many of the recently arrived drafts were still far from being fully trained and included in the ranks of the armies."

Eventually the British commander decided in favor of immediate action. "The infantry, the tanks and the artillery, working in combination," he continues, "were to endeavor to break through all the enemy's lines of defense on the first day. If this were successfully accomplished, and the situation developed favorably, cavalry were then to be passed through to raid the enemy's communications, disorganize his system of command, damage his railways and interfere as much as possible with the arrival of reinforcements."

"It was explained to all the commanders that everything depended upon the secrecy up to the moment of starting, and after that on bold, determined rapid action. Unless the opposition could be beaten down quickly no great results could be looked for."

Disaster Follows Triumph. The attack, the Field Marshal notes, was started at 6:30 o'clock on the morning of Nov. 20. The spectacular successes which first attended it have been told in the correspondents' reports written at the time. It was on the last day of November that the triumph began to give way to disaster.

"At the northern end of the Bonavis ridge, and in the Gonnelle sector," the commander relates, "the swift with which the advance of the enemy's infantry followed the opening of his bombardment appears to have been heavy enough to keep our men under cover without seriously alarming them, contributed to the success of the enemy."

"No steadily advancing barrage gave warning of the approach of the German assault columns," says the dispatch, "whose assembly was assisted by the many deep folds and hollows typical of the chalk formation, and was shielded from observation from the air by the early morning mist. It was only when the attack was upon them that great numbers of low-flying German airplanes rained machine gunfire upon our infantry, while the extensive use of smoke shells and bombs made it extremely difficult for our troops to see what was happening on other parts of the battle field or to follow the movements of the enemy."

"In short, there is little doubt that, although an attack was expected generally, yet in those areas of the battle, at the moment of its delivery, the assault effected a local surprise."

British Fought Gallantly. How the heroism displayed by the bodies of British troops who sacrificed themselves to give time for the organization of the defense behind them has been already told. Field Marshal Haig does full justice to the courage and skill displayed in this crisis. He continued:

"The strength the enemy had shown himself able to develop in his attacks made it evident that only by prolonged and severe fighting could I hope to re-establish my right flank on Bonavis Ridge. Unless this was done the situation of my troops in the salient north of Plesquiers would be difficult and dangerous, even if our hold on Bourlon Hill were extended. I had, therefore, to decide either to embark on another offensive battle on a large scale or to withdraw to a more compact line on Plesquiers Ridge."

"Although this decision involved the giving up of important positions most gallantly won, I had no doubt of the correct course under the conditions."

and probably most of his garrisons lying west of a line from Cambrai northwards to the Senece and south of that river and the Scarpe. "Time would have been required to enable us to develop and complete the operation but the prospect of gaining the necessary time were in my opinion good enough to justify the attempt to execute the plan."

I am of the opinion that on the 20th and 21st of November we went very near to success sufficiently complete to bring the realization of our full program within our power."



Here's joyful news for every fleshy person who loves good things to eat, especially those who are denying themselves the things they like most because of their desire to keep down their weight or to reduce the fat with which they are already burdened.

Simply use Marmola Prescription Tablets according to directions; they are harmless, free from poisonous or injurious drugs and can be used with perfect safety. Try them at any drug store and get results without going through long series of tiresome exercises and starvation diet. Get them at any good drug store or send price direct to Marmola Company, 844 Woodward Ave., Detroit, Mich., and a full-size package will be mailed to you direct in plain wrapper and postpaid.—ADV.

Handling the Peak Load

WERE every one of the one hundred and thirty-seven railroads served by the Pullman Company to attempt to furnish the same service for itself, the burden of expense would be found insupportable.

Each road would have a heavy investment in extra cars which would be idle perhaps eleven months in the year; and it would be forced at certain times to man all these cars with green crews—to the great discomfort, inconvenience and anxiety of the public.

THE PULLMAN COMPANY
Chicago

The Pullman Company mobilizes its seventy-four hundred cars—each as perfectly appointed in its way as a modern hotel—with the keenest strategy. It knows at every hour of the day the location of each one of them; it notes the least threat of congestion here, or shortage there, and is on the alert to supply maximum service wherever needed.

Pullman service meets a national problem; it gives to our passenger traffic facilities a stability and a mobility otherwise almost impossible.

22 Million Families in the United States

IF EACH FAMILY saved one cup of wheat flour it would amount to 5,500,000 pounds, or more than 28,000 barrels. If this saving was made three times a week, it would amount to 858,000,000 pounds, or 4,377,000 barrels in a year.

You can do your share in effecting this saving and really help to win the war by omitting white bread from one meal today and baking in its place muffins or corn bread made according to this recipe:

Corn Meal Muffins

3/4 cup corn meal	2 tablespoons sugar
1 1/2 cups flour	No eggs
1/2 teaspoon salt	1 cup milk
4 teaspoons Dr. Price's Baking Powder	2 tablespoons shortening

Sift dry ingredients together into bowl; add milk and melted shortening and beat well. Bake in greased muffin tins in hot oven about 20 minutes. Same batter may be baked as corn bread in greased shallow pan.

New Red, White and Blue booklet, "Best War Time Recipes," containing many other recipes for making delicious and wholesome wheat saving foods mailed free.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER, 1011 Independence Boulevard, Chicago

FOOD WILL WIN THE WAR

Sonnenfeld's

610-612 Washington Avenue

Exceptionally Fine Tailoring Characterizes Our Extensive Assortment of

Spring Suits

\$35 to \$85

We insist upon this feature in order to make certain of each garment's shape-retaining quality and lasting satisfaction. A big variety of style developments, in silvertone, velour checks, tricotine, Poirat twill and serge.

Popular Priced Suits

Featured at \$25 and \$29.75

"The House of Courtesy"

Lovely Spring Frocks

A Wealth of New Fashions

\$25 to \$75

Street, Sport and Afternoon Dresses that are extremely becoming. Every detail of trimming and draping as perfect as expert designing and fine dressmaking can make it. And interesting values at every price from the popular to the most expensive.

Georgettes Charmeuse
Taffetas Wool Jerseys
Tricotines

Spring Suits and Topcoats

---are here in great variety

Notwithstanding the increased cost of materials and labor, our showing of Spring Suits and Topcoats this season far surpasses our previous efforts.

We are fortunate indeed to be able to offer such splendid garments at the moderate prices that prevail now in our Clothing Shop.

These Suits and Topcoats were made by manufacturers of renowned reputation for high-quality clothes, and the best of materials are used in their making.

The season's very latest styles are shown, including single and double-breasted models and the tight-fitting models, so much in vogue this Spring.

Worsted, Cheviots, Serges and Cashmeres

The Prices Range Upward From

\$18 \$20
\$25

Made-to-Measure Suits and Topcoats

For the man who wants his clothes made to measure, we have provided a very complete tailoring department, where every individual desire may be carried out as to style and fit.

A wonderful assortment of both Foreign and Domestic Suitings are ready for your inspection—come in and let us show you these attractive patterns—you will be agreeably surprised at the moderate prices.

\$35 \$40 \$50

Men's Clothing Shop—Second Floor.

Send Smiles to Soldiers, Smileage Books on Sale at Cashier's Desk. First Floor.

Items of Interest!

Living-room Furniture in old English design; a Davenport and Chair exquisitely upholstered in mohair—plush, of old blue, having loose cushions of gold brocade silk damask is quite the most attractive—but one of the many features in our new Spring showing of Living-room Furniture.

New Axminster Rugs in Oriental allover effects and beautiful coloring in our new Spring stock.

Smart and convenient for women are the new enameled duck week-end Suit Cases, fitted with tray and attractively lined with broadcreepe.

Every housekeeper will like these Turkish Bath Towels, with wash cloth to match, having a pretty Broche border; colors of blue, pink, lavender and rose.

Good heavy Bath Mats are effective with large coin spot border design in colors of blue and pink; each \$1.50

Linen Shop—Second Floor.

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LAW SUIT TAKES 20 M

Statement in Damage Case
wordsville Minor by Agree
A lawsuit was filed, serv
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jury empaneled, testimon
verdict rendered and the ju
and the record closed.

17129

Keep From

Make a better fight
against you or your
You can do this
Disinfectant, becau
kills all germs, no
Use Lysol frequ
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dealer. If he has none
to order it for you.

OUR
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LIVE 2185

Pruf
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with sliding sho
making them rigi
study tables.
Real fiber tops
green imitation lea

Pay for Room or E

If it can be recovered the Po patch lost and found wants will back the lost article. Dia money, watches, etc., are amo articles recovered almost daily.

who was stationed at Camp Meade, was found dead in a hotel here last night. The cause is unknown, but is believed to be natural.

ADVERTISEMENT.
al machinery, offer
Want Adm.

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al machinery, offers see
Want Ads.



Be young looking

It's not necessary to have gray or faded hair when Hay's Hair Health will bring it back to its natural color. Thousands of women are doing it permanently, naturally, safely, and without any one knowing it. Is not a dye—your money back at your dealer's if not satisfactory. Always ask for and get

Hay's Hair Health

For electrical machinery offers see Post-Dispatch Want Ads.

\$25 FINE FOR MAN WHO ADMITS ROBBERY INTERSTATE SHIPMENT

Judge Lewis Says Leniency Was Prompted by Desire to Give Switchman Chance to Reform. Charles Dickhames, 22 years old, formerly a Terminal switchman, pleaded guilty in the United States District Court today to having in his possession goods stolen from an interstate shipment. The Assistant District Attorney recommended leniency, on the ground that Dickhames' associates had been principally to blame for his misconduct and that he could be reformed.

Judge Lewis of Denver, sitting for Judge Dyer, said he had greatly modified his notions about severity of punishment in criminal cases in the last three years. "When I look back over my record," he said, "I am startled by the severity of the penalties I inflicted in many cases."

2 REGIMENTS AT TOUL GOT RECRUITS HERE

Eighteenth Infantry and Sixth Artillery Took Men From Barracks; St. Louisans in Casualty Lists.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the signature of *Dr. J. C. Williams*

For electrical machinery offers see Post-Dispatch Want Ads.



Architect—ISAAC S. TAYLOR ARCHITECTURAL CO.

Builder—WIMMER CONTRACTING CO.

The Magnificent Mercantile Trust Company Building Is Roofed With

Certain-teed

Construction Roof

In these times of stress, when costs are more thoroughly scrutinized and comparative efficiency is more carefully weighed, Certain-teed has come to the forefront more than ever. War conditions have emphasized its advantages. The scarcity and high cost of labor and materials have focused the attention of architects and builders upon

The roof that keeps down costs by its long life and low maintenance.

Certain-teed is now the "Standard specification" for permanent business or factory buildings—practically every important new building put up in St. Louis recently has been roofed with Certain-teed.

Certain-teed Construction Roofs consist of alternate layers of Certain-teed Roofing and Certain-teed Asphalt Cement, built up on the job.

This makes a very durable and economical roof; and one that has advantages that no other type of roof offers. Certain-teed is smooth-surfaced—every rain washes it clean. It cannot olog gutters and down-spouts, because the sun cannot melt it and make it run; and no gravel is used. It is not merely waterproof and weatherproof, but proof against sparks, rust and the corrosive action of acids, gases, fumes, smoke, etc.

Guaranteed and maintained by us for 10 or 15 years, according to type chosen.

The Certain-teed Construction Roof has solved the roofing problem efficiently and economically, for practically every type of permanent building. For full information,

Call Construction Dept. Certain-teed Products Corp. Olive 6210. Central 6761. Boatmen's Bank Building.

Irwin's
509 WASHINGTON AVE.

150 HATS
\$3.75

Compare Them With Much Higher Priced Hats Elsewhere

Shapes of popular straws, also Georgette combinations; trimmed with wings, quills, lacquered ribbon, cherries and wheat. The finest lot of Spring Hats we have ever been able to offer at this price—\$3.75.



Smartest Spring SKIRTS

\$4.85 \$7.50 \$9.90 \$15

Unmatchable Values

Wonderful values that will make our Skirt Department the most popular spot in town Thursday! Every fashionable weave in novelty silks, silk poplins, fancy wool plaids, serges, wool poplins, taffetas and satins; in the season's very smartest effects.

Eighteenth Infantry and Sixth Artillery Took Men From Barracks; St. Louisans in Casualty Lists.

Inquiry by a Post-Dispatch reporter at Jefferson Barracks today disclosed that the Eighteenth Infantry and Sixth Field Artillery, from which a large number of casualties have been reported in the recent fighting in the Toul sector, were raised to war strength last summer and autumn by recruits assigned to these regiments from Jefferson Barracks.

These recruits were from Mississippi Valley states and included a large number from Missouri and Illinois towns.

St. Louisans in Casualty List. Edward H. McNulty, 19 years old, of 3412 Franklin avenue, St. Louis, and Carlyle Jones of Belleville, who were killed, were members of the Eighteenth Infantry, and David Hickey, the first St. Louisan killed in action, was in E Battery, Sixth Field Artillery. The St. Louisans reported wounded, Ralph J. Meyer, Bruno Urban and Oscar Pfisterer, are in the Sixth Artillery. Sergt. Hugh Marsh of Belleville, also wounded, is in the Eighteenth Infantry.

Private Alvin Smiley of Hannibal, Mo., formerly of St. Louis, who has been decorated by Premier Clemenceau of France with the Cross of War for bravery under fire, is a member of C Battery, Sixth Artillery.

One of the officers of the Eighteenth Infantry is Lieut. John T. McGuire of A Company, a lawyer, who lives at 4429 Olive street, and who received his commission at the first Officers' Training Camp at Fort Riley last summer. He was wounded in action Feb. 1.

The Sixth Artillery was stationed at Douglas, Ariz., and the Eighteenth at another point on the border last summer and autumn, and it was while there that recruits from Jefferson Barracks were assigned to them. It is not permitted to say when they departed for France, but they have been there several months.

Eighteenth Created in 1812. The Eighteenth Infantry is one of the oldest organizations in the army, having been created by an act of Congress at the beginning of the War of 1812. It fought through that war, and was mustered out in 1815. It was reconstituted by President Lincoln in 1861, fought through the Civil War, went to the Philippines in 1899, and was a part of Gen. Pershing's expeditionary force in Mexico.

Several officers of the Eighteenth in the Civil War were cited for gallantry at the battles of Murfreesboro, Stone River and the siege of Corinth. The regiment was on guard duty in St. Louis toward the end of the Civil War, and participated in the investment and occupation of Nashville, Tenn.

Artillery in War With Spain. The Sixth Artillery Regiment was created by an act of Congress at the start of the war with Spain, in 1898, and served through the war.

It has been on the Mexican border at various times.

DOCTOR, IN ERROR, ANNOUNCES DEATH OF WYNDHAM JOHNSTON

Son of Vice President of Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney Alive in West. But in Grave Condition.

Wyndham Johnston, 23 years old, son of Robert Johnston, 5111 Raymond avenue, whose death was announced in a telegram to members of his family Saturday, is still alive, but in a critical condition, according to an announcement today. He is in Monrovia, Cal., suffering from tuberculosis. His father, who is vice president of Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney Dry Goods Co., went to the boy's bedside several weeks ago.

The message saying that the young man was still alive did not reach the family residence here until Monday night. Meanwhile the Rev. Dr. Ford C. Ottman of New York had been summoned and was en route to St. Louis to conduct a funeral. Mrs. William Ferguson of Rochelle Park, N. Y., a sister of Wyndham Johnston, was also on her way to this city to attend the funeral.

The mistake, relatives say, was made because of an extreme relapse Saturday morning. Johnston's condition deteriorated even the attending physician, they declare, and the announcement of the death was made by direction of the physician.

Beautiful Sweet Peas, 15c a bunch. Cash, take. Grimm & Gory.—ADV.

PRIVATE WATCHMAN ARRESTED

Questioned About Sale of Brass Identified as Stolen.

Edward Sohn, a licensed private watchman, living at 3609 North Newstead avenue, and Edward Landors, a porter, employed at the Gayety Theater buffet, were arrested last evening and questioned by detectives about a quantity of brass trimmings which they had sold to the Goldberg Supply Co., 1510 Olive street.

The brass was identified as part of lost taken by burglars, Feb. 7, from the shop of the Elliott & Barry Engineering Co., 212 North Fifteenth street. Sohn and Landors said they were acting for a man who said he had found the metal. Sohn was suspended from duty after being released on bond. The police are seeking the man from whom Sohn and Landors claim to have obtained the brass.

Woman, 102, Votes. NEW YORK, March 6 (Special).—After finishing her housework yesterday afternoon, Mrs. Sally Gold, 102 years old, voted in the congressional election.



Only Best Butter Is As Good

With Vegaco on your table or in your Kitchen you can laugh at the high cost of butter. Vegaco saves you 25 cents a pound.



VEGACO

is made principally of coconut and peanut oils churned in pasteurized milk.

Any part of the pound you do not like, get your money back.

Ask Your Dealer for it Today.

Crown Margarin Company
Virginia & Park Aves. St. Louis, Mo.
See It Made and You Will Like It.
Our Plant Welcomes You At Any Time

ROYAL ARCANUM

Stands the Acid Test

The Insurance Departments of Massachusetts, New York and Connecticut have just completed a thorough examination of the financial condition and management of the ROYAL ARCANUM, and report the Society solvent in all respects and carefully and economically managed.

41 Years Continuous Operation. \$200,000,000 Paid to Beneficiaries. Reserve Fund Over \$4,000,000. Sam'l N. Hoag, Sup. Sec., Boston, Mass.

THE ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH HAS MORE READERS THAN ANY OTHER NEWSPAPER WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI.



Pekin blue Delhi cloth, black silk collar, \$23.75.

Garland's More Stunning Spring Suits to Sell at That Modest Price

\$23.75

Thursday will see still greater and more spirited suit buying, as the many new suits that are just now being brought from their cases will make this specially strong group still more attractive. The values are greater than ever.

To place such Suits as these before our customers at the small price of \$23.75 is really a merchandising feat to be proud of, especially at a time of high cost of material and labor like the present. Smart Serge, Delhi Cloth and Poplin Suits in navy, black and other popular colors, checks and fancies. Tailored and braid trimmed styles that are smart and youthful.

New Spring Suits—Special, \$13.75

Only about \$0 of these in all, but a good assortment of styles. Poplins, serges and checks, navy and black.

Other Suits in the widest possible range of cloths, styles and colors.

\$29.50, \$39.50, \$49.50 to \$195.

Spring Coats—Special

\$15.00

We do not believe that the equal of these Coats, when the style, quality of fabric and tailoring is considered, can be shown elsewhere under \$20.00.

Among the fabrics, such popular and staple cloths as these are to be found. Wool velour, gunnyberl, English wales, spring-weight chevrot and wool poplin. The colors are the most fashionable and you have choice of many clever models in the various lengths—full belted or semi belted.

Other Coats

Ranging in prices from \$20.00, \$25.00, \$35.00 and up to \$149.50. In all the silk and cloth fabrics of fashion, and in styles suitable for all occasions.

New Skirts—Special, \$7.95

Pleated models, in wool poplin, serge and Panama; also plaids.



Peacock blue coat, silk collar, \$15.

THOMAS W. GARLAND

408-11-13 Broadway

J. E. ENNISON IS

Kansas City Man Charged With Forged Postal Acquired yesterday by States District Court of having forged postal order of Gus V. R. Mechin, expert, had used a court to demonstrate distinguishing character handwriting. The prosecution sought Mechin that the signature certificate were made.

LOOK AND CLEAN, SWEET FRESH EVERY

Drink a glass of before breakfast to

Life is not merely live well, eat well, dig well, sleep well, look glorious condition to how very easy it is to adopt the morning life. Folks who are active, dull and heavy when the tongue, nasty breath, can instead, feel as fresh by opening the sluices each morning and flushing whole of the internal matter.

Everyone, whether well, should each morning breakfast, drink a glass of water with a teaspoonful of phosphate in it to wash stomach, liver, kidney the previous day's indigestible and poisonous toxins, sweetening and purifying alimentary canal more food into the stomach of hot water and phosphate on an empty stomach fully invigorating. It the sour fermentations and acidity and gives appetite for breakfast, enjoying your breakfast phosphate is quietly extirpated volume of water from getting ready for a new day of all the inside organs. The millions of people bothered with constipation, stomach troubles, disorders and sickly others who have suffered from stone phosphate from which will cost very little to make anyone crank on the subject of SHINOLA IS MADE IN BLACK-TAN-WHITE-RED ASK ANY STORE

WARTIME C

is economy wartime food. every pound, the of the highest equal to the flavor, nourishment enjoyment, use—

LEA & PER SAUC

THE ORIGINAL WOR

For Wartime C

"COME UP WHEN ARE DOWN

SAMPLE Ladies' and New Sp Suits and



These newest Spring styles are offered to you from our large stock of samples at great are of the popular and unusually low \$18.75, \$22.50

STERL Garmen New Location

Second Floor—Tak

"Buy Samples—Save

ORRINE S HIM FROM

This scientific preparation kills all desire for other intoxicants. It is the home secret. No penance. No loss of time. We are so sure that if we say to you, you fail to get any benefit will be refunded. Cost box. Ask us for free Orrine. Wolff-Wilson st. and Washington Chas. F. Merker, East—ADV.

J. E. ENNISON IS ACQUITTED

Kansas City Man Charged With Having Forged Postal Certificate.
J. E. Ennison of Kansas City was acquitted yesterday in the United States District Court on a charge of having forged postal certificates, after Gus V. H. Mechin, a handwriting expert, had used a blackboard in court to demonstrate to the jury the distinguishing characteristics of handwriting.

The prosecution sought to show by Mechin that the signatures on the certificate were made by Ennison.

LOOK AND FEEL CLEAN, SWEET AND FRESH EVERY DAY

Drink a glass of real hot water before breakfast to wash out poisons.

Life is not merely to live, but to live well, eat well, digest well, work well, sleep well, look well. What a glorious condition to attain, and yet how very easy it is if one will only adopt the morning inside bath.

Folks who are accustomed to feel dull and heavy when they arise, splitting headache, stuffy from a cold, foul tongue, nasty breath, acid stomach, can instead, feel as fresh as a daisy by opening the sluices of the system each morning and flushing out the whole of the internal poisonous stagnant matter.

Everyone, whether ailing, sick or well, should each morning, before breakfast, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to wash from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, bile and poisonous toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach. The action of hot water and limestone phosphate on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases, waste and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast. While you are enjoying your breakfast the water and phosphate is quietly extracting a large volume of water from the blood and getting ready for a thorough flushing of all the inside organs.

The millions of people who are bothered with constipation, bilious spells, stomach trouble, rheumatism; others who have sallow skins, blood disorders and sickly complexions are urged to get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from this drug store, which will cost very little, but is sufficient to make anyone a pronounced crank on the subject of internal sanitation.—ADV.

WARTIME COOKING

is economy cooking, of wartime food. To make every pound, though not of the highest price, yet equal to the best, in flavor, nourishment and enjoyment, use—

LEA & PERRINS SAUCE

THE ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE For Wartime Cooking.

"COME UP WHERE PRICES ARE DOWN."

SAMPLES Ladies' and Misses' New Spring Suits and Coats



These newest Spring tailored styles are offered to you tomorrow from our large assortment of samples at great savings. All are of the popular materials and unusually low priced at \$18.75, \$22.50, \$24.75

STERLING Garment Co. New Location—604 Olive Second Floor—Take Elevator.

"Buy Samples—Save 25% to 50%"

ORRINE SAVED HIM FROM DRINK

This scientific preparation promptly kills all desire for whiskey, beer and other intoxicants. It can be given in the home secretly. No sanitarium expense. No loss of time.

We are so sure that Orrine will benefit that we say to you, if, after a trial you fail to get any benefit, your money will be refunded. Costs only \$1.00 a box. Ask us for free booklet about Orrine. Wolff-Wilson Drug Co., Sixth St. and Washington av., St. Louis; Chas. F. Merker, East St. Louis, Ill.—ADV.

WORKER FOR BENEFITS FOR MATERNITY HOSPITAL



—Kallwara Portrait.
MRS. J. BENOIST CARTON.

RED CROSS TO BENEFIT BY CONCERT TOMORROW

Mrs. Martin Lammert Among Soloists for Program at Sheldon Memorial.

MUCH interest is being manifested in the concert to be given tomorrow evening at the Sheldon Memorial from which the Red Cross will benefit. Mrs. Martin Lammert will make her first appearance in a public recital as one of the principal soloists. She has devoted much time and study to the cultivation of her voice, which is a clear, fine soprano. The other soloists are Max Steindel, first cellist of the St. Louis Symphony Orchestra, David Barie, pianist, and Tyrone Lyon, organist.

An artistic program has been arranged and no doubt Mrs. Lammert's friends as well as other will turn out to give her a warm welcome, besides assisting to make the affair a financial success.

Among those who will entertain large parties are Messrs. and Mrs. Nelson Cunliff, Ray Cuberton, H. G. Hurd and Dr. and Mrs. Edward Higbee. Others who will attend are Messrs. and Mrs. George A. Bayle, L. E. Dennis, Herbert Parker, W. A. Chamberlain, T. B. Chamberlain, L. E. Dennis, F. D. Beardslee, W. H. Nolker, F. E. Nulsen, Walter Maddox, R. F. Wilson, T. A. Witte, W. Goddard, J. B. Edwards and R. E. Hussy and Misses Gehner and Holtzhaus.

Social Items

The marriage of Miss Rebecca Johnson and Samuel Cochran Finnell will be celebrated quietly at 5:30 o'clock this evening, at the residence of the bride's parents, with only the relatives and a few intimate friends present. The Rev. B. T. Kemmerer of St. George's Episcopal Church will perform the ceremony. The bride will be without attendants and Lieut. John Aid, who is stationed at Des Moines, Ia., will serve the bridegroom as best man.

The bride's gown is of white satin, and the long tulle veil will be held in place with a wreath of orange blossoms. Her flowers will be orchids and lilies of the valley.

Miss Johnson is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Warren Johnson of 5032 Westminster place. She is a Mary Institute graduate and spent a year in foreign travel after her graduation, making her debut four winters ago. She is fond of outdoor sports, and is a splendid golfer and rides horseback well. Mr. Finnell is formerly from Covington, Ky., but resided in St. Louis before taking a course in the Military School of Aeronautics at Atlanta, Ga., from which place he has just returned. He is a graduate of Kenyon College at Gambier, O.

After an informal reception following the ceremony the couple will depart for a short honeymoon trip.

Mr. and Mrs. George T. Priest of 5557 Chamberlain avenue are being congratulated upon the arrival of a son on Monday. Mr. Priest was formerly Mrs. Susan Goode Rogers.

Mrs. J. Benoit Carton of 4434 Westminster place is a member of the Board of the St. Louis Maternity Hospital who has worked hard for the success of the series of moving picture entertainments to be given for the benefit of the hospital. The first one is to be Friday evening at the Lorelei, and Saturday afternoon the first in a series of matinees especially arranged for children will be given at the same place. Mrs. Carton departed several days ago for the South to join her husband, who is away on a business trip, but is expected to return soon.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Steigers of 5154 Von Versen avenue are among the St. Louisans in California. At present they are at Pasadena.

The Alliance Francaise has sent out invitations for an address for tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the Euclid-Hamilton Hotel by Monsieur Charles Cestres, on "The Influence of the Revolution on Wordsworth and Coleridge." The officers of the alliance are Mrs. Edward Walsh, chairman; Miss Emily Sperry, vice chairman; Miss Bertha Bates, treasurer, and Mrs. Guy Study, secretary.



Build Health on Solid Foundations

A body kept going on temporary tonics sooner or later comes down with a crash. Strength must be renewed, health regained, by rebuilding the body from its very foundations—the red blood cells.

You can't keep a jaded horse going for long on whip and spur. You can't repair a broken-down house with paint. Neither can you repair a worn-out body and brain with a temporary tonic.

The tired horse needs, not whip and spur, but hay, oats, rest, and kind treatment. The broken-down house needs new clapboards and shingles. The worn-out body needs new blood-cells, muscle-cells, nerve-cells, and brain-cells.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan

"The Red Blood Builder"



Study this picture so you will know how genuine Pepto-Mangan looks.

A temporary tonic, or "pick-me-up," increases your pace for awhile as the whip makes the tired horse spurt. But the strength it gives you is only false strength, and after the effects of the temporary tonic have worn off, you learn to your sorrow that you are weaker and more jaded than you were before you took it.

You can't build up your body that way. You must build it from the ground up. You must build it from the red blood cells. You must revise your whole system of living—eat right, breathe right, sleep right, and exercise regularly. As a logical aid to Nature in her work of rebuilding your blood, rebuilding your body, take Gude's Pepto-Mangan, "The Red Blood Builder."

Gude's Pepto-Mangan is not a temporary tonic but a real blood food and reconstructive. It builds your blood from the very foundations, because it supplies the red blood cells with just the elements they need. It helps to create lasting strength and force. Yet it also is a tonic in the best sense of the word, since it increases the appetite, improves the color, and tones up the whole system.

FRIENDLY WARNING: There are many imitations of Pepto-Mangan on the market, but you can be sure of getting the genuine if it bears the name "Gude" and is put up in the bottle and sealed package as pictured here. Ask for it by its full name—"Gude's Pepto-Mangan." For sale at all drug stores.

Pepto-Mangan is made only by M. J. BREITENBACH CO., Manufacturing Chemists, New York



Many a family has a better appetite and better digestion because Mother uses Mazola, the delicate oil from Corn, for Cooking and Salads

AND the home manager finds that she is not only giving her family better pastry, fried and sautéed foods and salad dressings,

but doing it more economically—with Mazola.

As pure and wholesome as the most delicate foods cooked in it.

Can be used over and over again, as it does not transmit taste or odor from one food to another.

For sale in pints, quarts, half gallons and gallons. For greater economy buy the large sizes.

There is a valuable Cook Book for Mazola users. It shows you how to fry, sauté, make dressings and sauces more delicious, make light, digestible pastry. Should be in every home. Send for it or ask your grocer. FREE.

Corn Products Refining Co., P. O. Box 161, New York

Selling Representatives
ST. LOUIS SYRUP & PRES. CO.
207 So. Commercial Street, St. Louis, Mo.

Cinnamon Coffee Cake

Recipe by Mrs. Wood

Sift together 1½ cups flour, ¼ teaspoon salt, ½ cup sugar, 2 teaspoons baking powder, rub in 2 tablespoons Mazola; beat 1 egg with ¼ cup milk; stir into the above mixture; put in a shallow pan. With spoon mix well; table-spoons Mazola, 1 of flour, 2 of sugar, ¼ of cinnamon and pinch of salt. When well mixed, spread on top of dough, bake about 25 minutes.

A-1 BRAND Finest Nut-Margarine

Made from the white meat of selected coconuts and pasteurized milk—Only 35c per pound carton.

You and your family will welcome this latest butter substitute, for it's mighty good. Fine for the table—just right for cooking! Even though labeled "A-1" Brand contains no animal fats.

If the grocer near you fails to carry "A-1" phone us at Main 466 or Central 2080.

BOHN-LENARTZ
714 N. 4th St.



DR. E. R. VAN BOOVEN DENTIST

DENTISTRY OF QUALITY
Painless and Bridge Work
Satisfaction Guaranteed

\$5.00 UP

Over Child's Restaurant
614 OLIVE ST.

For electrical machinery offers see Post-Dispatch Want Ads.



Boys, I must save this box for the Colonel.

Smoking
Makers of the Highest Grade Turkish and Egyptian Cigarettes in the World

Quality - Superb

Eat-Loyalty BREAD
saves wheat flour
contains no animal fats
MAFZIGER BAKING CO.

COUGHING
cures others and hurts you. Relieve throat irritation and tickling, and get rid of coughs, colds and hoarseness by taking at once
PISO'S

Nature's Remedy
R-TABLETS
NR Tonight—Get a Tomorrow Feel Right in Bed

REPORTS RUMANIA WILL CEDE DOBRUDJA

Bulgarian Peace Delegate Says
Crown Council Decided to
Accept Central Powers' Conditions.

AMSTERDAM, March 6. (By A. P.)—M. Toncheff, Bulgarian Minister of Finance and head of the peace delegation, has returned from Bucharest to report to his Government on the negotiations with Rumania. He explained to the Bulgarian Senate that on the expiration of the armistice, Saturday, the Rumanian delegates announced that the crown council at Jassy had decided to accept the conditions offered by the Central Powers, including the cession of the Dobruja, readjustment of the frontier between Hungary and Rumania, and the granting of economic concessions.

The Rumanian Government then was informed that it must sign before noon of March 5, a preliminary treaty embodying these terms and that negotiations would be resumed immediately with a view to a further armistice and the final conclusion of peace.

Toncheff said that the preliminary treaty between the individual countries would be drawn up in identical terms, but on the final treaty, which would require some alterations in the wording, it would be expressly stipulated that Rumania cede the Dobruja to Bulgaria. The economic concessions also would be set forth clearly, the work of defining them probably occupying some time.

WEEKLY HEARINGS ARRANGED ON CITY ZONING PROPOSAL

Four Districts to Be Considered Separately and Then All Together

The city zoning proposal of the City Plan Commission, which was illustrated in a large map printed in last Sunday's Post-Dispatch, will be discussed at weekly hearings, at which residents of different parts of the city will be invited to give their views on the plan. The meetings will be held on Fridays, beginning at 2 p. m., in the Board of Public Service room (old Council chamber) on the second floor of the city hall, and residents of different sections will be heard in the following order:

March 15—District north of Mill Creek Valley and east of Grand avenue.

March 22—South of Mill Creek Valley and east of Grand avenue.

March 29—North of Lindell boulevard and west of Grand.

April 5—South of Lindell and west of Grand.

April 12—Entire city.

6-YEAR-OLD GIRL ACCOSTED

Man Runs Away When Her Screams Attract Neighbors

Elizabeth Lloyd, 6 years old, of 2521 Van Veen avenue, on her way to the William Clark School yesterday afternoon, was stopped at Union boulevard and Kensington avenue by a man who asked her if she would carry a note to her teacher. He took her to a vacant house but ran away when the little girl's screams attracted neighbors.

BOY, AGED 3, CURED OF ONE AILMENT, DIES FROM ANOTHER

Father Complains That Child Contracted Scarlet Fever After Treatment at Isolation Hospital for Diphtheria.

Frank Morgan, a postal clerk, of 3331 Market street, complained to the Post-Dispatch that his son Richard, 3 years old, who died Feb. 29 at the Isolation Hospital, of scarlet fever, after having been previously discharged from the hospital, was not properly treated there. Hospital Commissioner Shutt said today that he had investigated the case, and found that, while some mistakes might have been made by the hospital authorities, they were excusable. The boy was taken there Feb. 4, suffering from diphtheria. He was pronounced cured Feb. 13, and sent home. A few days later he developed scarlet fever, was sent back to the hospital, and there died. Scarlet fever patients were being treated at the hospital, but on another floor, Dr. Shutt said.

The father asserted that the child was sent home very weak, and, that when the mother visited him during his second illness, she found him thin and ill, and lying in a draft. Dr. Shutt said Dr. E. E. Kneal, the physician in charge, probably erred in discharging the child too soon, but that his reason, that of believing he should convalesce at home, was good. No further action will be taken, the Commissioner said.

Withers Summoned to Washington. School Superintendent Withers, when summoned yesterday to attend a meeting of the National Educational Association at Washington, said he believed an important decision was to be made in connection with using the schools for training the army. The manual training schools in the large cities already are being used at night by Class 1 registrants who want vocational training.

Make Your Stomach Your Best Friend

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets Digest the Food, Prevent Sourness and Make You Feel Fine All Over.

If you feel any distress after eating take a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet. You will then have a good, steady friend in your stomach. For no matter what you eat there will be no gas, no sour risings, no lump in your throat, no biliousness, no dark brown taste in the morning, and should you now be troubled, eat a tablet as soon as possible and relief will come promptly. These tablets correct at once the faults of a weak or overworked stomach, they do the work while the stomach rests and recovers itself. Particularly effective are they for languors and those whose environment brings them in contact with the rich food most apt to cause stomach derangement. Relief in these cases always brings the glad smile. Get a box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, 50 cents, in any drug store. Be good to your stomach.—ADV.



"A penny saved is a penny earned," is the saying best exemplified by the POST-DISPATCH store ad.

The Daily and Sunday issues of the POST-DISPATCH are more than mere expositions of "worthless" merchandise—they are representative of the merchant's skill of St. Louis's better shops, a perfect blending of quality offerings at "within-reason" prices.

"A penny saved is a penny earned," is the saying best exemplified by the POST-DISPATCH store ad.

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Every Day Is "Buyers' Opportunity" Day in the POST-DISPATCH—with an "extra helping" on Sundays!

The Absolute Necessity for Stricter Economy Nowdays Intensifies the Value of the POST-DISPATCH

Your search for the right merchandise at the right price was never more worry. Rely on the invaluable aid of the advertising columns in the Daily and Sunday POST-DISPATCH. Then, your search is always quickly and happily ended. Value-Giving Advertising News Lives Every Page of the POST-DISPATCH.

The Family's Buying Guide Is None Other Than Your Own POST-DISPATCH

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MARRIED IN NAME ONLY

A DELICATE SUBJECT HANDLED IN A FORCEFUL AND MASTERFUL WAY.

Every Man or Woman who has seen this play should see it. It is a masterpiece of the modern stage. It is a masterpiece of the modern stage. It is a masterpiece of the modern stage.

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DEATHS

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THE BEST METHOD OF REACHING PEOPLE WORTH WHILE?

IF SO, YOU WILL ADVERTISE IN POST-DISPATCH WANTS.

Answers to Queries

As we have no information bureau, it is impossible to answer queries by mail or telephone.

HOUSEHOLD HELPS.

THANKS.—(A) No danger. (B) Yes. (C) One born in Canada, of Russian parents, is a British subject.

WARRIORS.—There is no "chemical branch" of the service, but chemists are wanted for several branches.

SCOUT.—Scout cannot hunt without a license.

TRUE CITIZEN.—A foreigner fully naturalized is an American citizen as much as if he were born in this place.

STENOGRAPHER.—Unless there is an agreement, employee is not bound to give notice of week's notice of intention to leave.

RAYMOND.—The proper way to increase rent is to give a month's notice to vacate.

UP-TO-DATE.—Britain says parcels post is correct.

W. J. E.—Joint District Sewer tax paid by area. Rate approximately \$13.33 per 100 sq. ft.

W. S. R.—Wherever lines meet in the Pelix Pig puzzle the meeting point is common to them all, and where the meeting point is crossed the lines are simultaneously crossed.

ONE WHO IS CURSED.—"I am a mother of 5 children; am comatose but not dead."

LABORERS.—Apply to Mr. STEVENS, U. S. Government Employment Bureau, 17 N. 8th.

LABORERS.—Day or night work. HELMBACH ROLLING MILL CO., Barton and De Kalb st.

LABORERS.—Paid weekly. Apply WALSH FIRE CLAY PRODUCTS CO., Main and Douglas sts.

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Puny Delicate Children Give them Vinol

The Well-known Cod Liver
and Iron Tonic, Without Oil

TO MAKE THEM STRONG

Delicate Children. Rapidly-growing children need more vitality and more nutriment than adults, but the appetite often becomes fiftful; over-study, restless nights, and mal-assimilation of food soon make them weak, delicate and sickly.

LITTLE BOY MADE STRONG

"My little boy was in a delicate, weak, emaciated condition and had a cough so we had to keep him out of school for a year. Nothing seemed to help him until Vinol was recommended, and the change it made in him was remarkable. It has built him up and made him strong so his cough is almost entirely gone. We can not recommend Vinol too highly."

—Mrs. E. N. Hanlon, Newaygo, Mich.

YOUR MONEY WILL BE RETURNED
if Vinol fails to benefit you.

Chester Kent & Co. Chemists. Vinol is sold in St. Louis by the Wolff-Wilson Drug Co. and other druggists and all leading drug stores everywhere.—ADV.

The Sun-Ray Lens

**\$1.75
per pair
in all sizes**

THIS lens more than meets every requirement of the new Missouri law. It combines for the first time all of the advantages of both the diffusive and refractive lenses.

The Sun-Ray throws a long bright "distance beam" far ahead on the road. In addition it gives a wide side diffusion that shows all objects for a considerable distance on each side of the road. And the Sun-Ray keeps all the light within the required 42 inches of the ground.

Consider all these advantages—advantages found combined in no other lens.

Then consider the price—just \$1.75. Don't delay another minute. Put Sun-Ray in your lamps as hundreds of others motorists are doing. If your dealer can't supply you send direct to us.

THE PRISMOLITE COMPANY
4th and Gay Streets, Columbus, Ohio.

WOMEN'S LEAGUE FAVORS PRINCIPLE OF CLERKS' UNION

Trade Union Members Urge
Stores to Consider Demands
for Recognition.

About 50 women who attended a special meeting of the Women's Trade Union League, yesterday afternoon at Central Library to hear striking department store employees explain their demands, adopted a resolution endorsing the principle of organization "for employees and employers alike," and urging department store owners to give "careful consideration to the question of justice involved in the plea of their employees for the right to organize."

The resolution was offered by Mrs. Josephine Poe January of Ferguson, chairman of the Women's Industry Division of the Missouri Council of National Defense, after several cash girls and saleswomen from department stores, who are now on a strike, told of the conditions under which they worked.

The meeting was called by Mrs. Sarah Spraggon, president of the Women's Trade Union League. At its conclusion it was decided to hold another meeting Friday afternoon at Central Library, to which executives of large department stores will be invited, with the request that they tell their side of the strike situation. Members of all women's organizations also will be invited.

Would Favor Arbitration.

E. B. Baker, president of the Retail Clerks' International Protective Association, addressing the meeting, said that if the department stores would recognize the right of employees to organize, the question of wages and working conditions. He suggested that the clerks' union could appoint one member of a board of arbitration, the employers the second member, and the third to be chosen by the two members.

Baker said the department store employees were paid "so ridiculously low wages that it was impossible for them to exist." Some little girls, he declared, received but \$2.50 and \$3 a week. He outlined a number of rules to which all employees in large stores must subscribe and said that employees were expected "to make a good appearance, regardless of what their wages were." A system of fines for being late is in effect in each store, he said, and 10 to 25 cents is deducted for each 10 minutes that a girl is tardy.

The employees, Baker asserted, are striking "for a principle which President Wilson recognized when he said that all workers had the right to organize." The Department of Labor, he said, sent a mediator to St. Louis, but he was unable to arrange a meeting between the department store heads and the striking employees.

Eight girls spoke at the meeting and told how long they had worked at department stores and the wages they received. One girl said she received \$5 a week as a bundle inspector. She said she lived with her parents. Another said she started three years ago at \$3 a week and was gradually increased to \$5.50 a week. A large, matronly woman said she had worked in department stores nine years and was now receiving \$3 a week as a saleswoman.

The resolution adopted at the meeting were signed by Mrs. Fred Hager, Mrs. Henry F. Lodge, Mrs. Roger W. Shapleigh, Mrs. John Morrison Fuller, Mrs. Robert A. Crabb, Mrs. P. D. Ree, Mrs. M. Sternberger, Mrs. R. McK. Jones, Mrs. S. O'Hara, Mrs. F. F. Carlander, Mrs. F. H. Littlefield, Clara Somerville, Althea S. Grossman, Mary E. Bulkley, Catherine Parille, Laura F. Williams, Mamie G. Hawley, Ida Langenecker, Josephine Poe January, Sarah Spraggon, Blanche Webster, Clara Bewig, Nelle A. Quick and Kate R. Rubey.

The resolution follows: "Whereas, The Woman's Trade Union League, recognizing that the majority of both patrons and employees of department stores are women, called into conference a number of women representing buyers and sellers to consider the present disagreement over the right of employees of department stores to organize; and,

"Whereas, An organization of retail dealers, called Associated Retailers of St. Louis, having headquarters at 601 Equitable Building, under the management of K. F. Niemöller, exists and has existed for years for their mutual benefit; and,

"Whereas, This is shown to be of mutual aid by the fact that there is a uniform scale of alteration prices on ladies' ready-to-wear in the large department stores, and by the recent order regarding return of goods to these stores issued over the signature of the Associated Retailers of St. Louis; and,

"Whereas, The right to organize on the part of their employees is at present denied by the heads of the five large department stores belonging to the Associated Retailers, thus causing much disturbance and distress in the city, and in view of the fact that the President of the United States gave fullest recognition to organized labor by making a special trip to Buffalo to address the convention of the American Federation of Labor;

"Therefore be it resolved, That this meeting of women interested in the welfare of the city unqualifiedly indorse the principle of organization for employees and employers alike and urges the heads of the department stores to give careful consideration to the question of justice involved in the plea of their employees for the right to organize, and

"Be it further resolved, That we take no stand as to wages, conditions and hours of work in the department stores, but are actuated solely by a

desire for fair play at a time in the world's history when the higher impulses are seeking expression." Mrs. Spraggon said it was the duty of the women of St. Louis "to see that the department store workers received a living wage, and that it was essential that something to bring this about be done at once."

Souard District Meeting.
A meeting of the Souard District Improvement Association will be held at 8 o'clock tonight at 1839 South Eleventh street.

FOR COMPLEXION! USE FRESH LEMONS AND STRAIN JUICE

Any girl or woman can prepare a quarter pint of this splendid lemon cream for few cents.

Many women use just the juice of lemons to bleach or whiten the skin, but pure lemon juice is acid, therefore irritating, unless mixed with orchard white.

At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream one can prepare a full quarter pint of the most wonderful lemon skin bleach, skin softener and complexion beautifier, by squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white. Care should be taken to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. It really will bleach and remove such blemishes as pimples, freckles and tan and is the ideal skin softener, smoothen and beautifier which absorbs readily and is not sticky or greasy.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any pharmacy and make up a quarter pint of this harmless lemon lotion and apply it daily to the face, neck, arms and hands. It brings back to any skin the whiteness, the sweet freshness and flexibility of which it has been robbed by conditions.—ADV.

**Sa-Van—
is coming
for you**

—ADV.



"Knights" Win War's Motor Test

Never has an automobile engine been put to more extreme demands than have been imposed upon the Knight engine in war service.

Never has an automobile engine triumphed as has the Knight engine in the Herculean war tasks imposed upon it.

The British selected the Knight-motored omnibuses for tremendous transportation tasks.

Then came the tank!

Again the Knight was selected.

In the tanks it has the greatest latitude to prove its resourcefulness, supreme quietness and complete dependability.

In America 25,000 owners of Willys-Knight cars enjoy this same high standard of efficiency.

Why not you?

The absence of noise and vibration of the Willys-Knight motor has exerted a refining coach influence, because its silence severely emphasizes the slightest body noises.

The great number of Willys-Knight sales makes it possible to place this more efficient car (with the only motor that improves with use) on the market at an exceptionally modest cost.

The Four Touring
\$1525

Prices f. o. b. Toledo—
Subject to change without notice

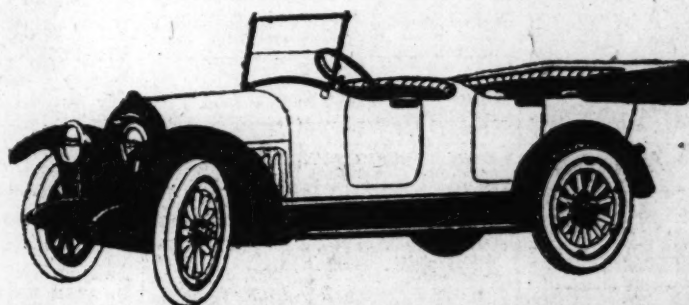
The Eight Touring
\$2000

Overland Automobile Co., Distributors

Both Phones

Locust and Twenty-third Streets

CONVENIENT PAYMENTS, IF DESIRED



Faultlessly Fashioned Suits

Featured for Women and Misses Thursday
at the Special Price, \$24.75

The price, \$24.75, means nothing, however, unless you know the character of the garments in this group; and that you must ascertain by SEEING them—

—The MATERIALS—which are as good as many in most higher priced lines—Serges, Tweeds, Poplins and Velour Checks.

—The STYLES—which are varied and satisfying to a degree seldom vouchsafed at so low a price—half-bustle effects, Boleros, military flares.

—The TAILORING—which is beyond criticism.

—The TRIMMINGS and the LININGS—which are worthy of suits at considerably higher prices.

Featured
Thursday
at \$24.75

Women's Suits
Unusual at
\$49.75

Coverts, Silvertones and Oxfords, exhibiting all sorts of new, original and exclusive fashion features. Sizes for women and misses.

Spring Topcoats
Specially Good at
\$19.75

Practical garments of poplin, velour, tweed and burella, many prettily belted, stitched and silk-collared. For women and misses.

Women's Coats at
\$29.75

Embracing particularly the ultra-smart military effects, belted and plaited from shoulders or waistline—gabardines, poplins, velours and silvertones.



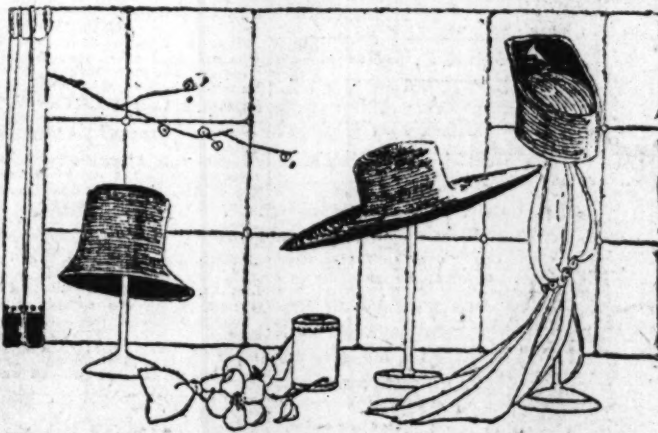
Third Floor

Hand-Blocked Dress Shapes

Entire Sample Line of a New York
Maker at Wholesale and Less

\$3.85

For Hand-Blocked
Models From One
of the Smartest
New York Hat
Makers.



The New Spring Models Included—

The irresistible poke, in such marked favor; the tricorne, the mushroom, the sailor, the side roll and endless variations.

The Newest, Smart Spring Colors
Plenty of Khaki, cherry, taupe, purple, brown, turquoise blue, sand, navy and rose—and lots and lots of black hats.

Third Floor

Special—Royal Wilton Rugs

One glance at the quality and you'll know the regular price is much higher. We offer them, for Thursday only, in a wide selection of patterns, all full 9x12 ft. size, special at

\$49.50

Fourth Floor

Famous and BarCo

Entire Block: Olive, Locust, Sixth and Seventh
We Give Eagle Stamps and Redeem Full Merchandise—Few Restricted Articles Excepted.

Largest Distributors of
Merchandise at Retail
in Missouri or the
West.

SCHROETER

717 and 719 Washington
St. Louis

Weekly Ad No. 10

THIS SALE CLOSING

MARCH 12, 6 P. M.

SEND US YOUR MAIL

SCHROETER'S SPECIAL

BICYCLE FOR MEN ON

Guaranteed Tires, Casser

Guards and fenders

Finished in royal blue and

white, parts heavily plated

from top of saddle to pedal

point when asked, part of

inches; height of frame

Complete with oil, grease

can and 3 assorted wrenches

crated 25 pounds. Special

each, with spotlight

Parcel post weight 3

NICKEL ALARM CLAS

Height 6 inches; depth 2

inch; bulge top of clock

cial price this sale, each

Parcel post weight 3

PREMIER COFFEE

Has glass canister with

48 sticks; height 17 inches

Special price

Parcel post weight 3

AUTO WRENCH

Set consists of 3 thin

combination pliers, 1 adjust

out up to 4 convuls

Special price

Parcel post weight 2

SMOOTH-ON-IRON

Is a chemically prepared

quires only the addition of

dry, will resist the action

water, fire and oil; for

and joints in iron it has

equal. 1-pound can, each

Family size 3-pound can

Parcel post weight 2

"TIRE-DOH"

For repairing automobile

and permanently without

canizing. Complete out

Larger size, \$1.00

HOLLOW-GROUND

We guarantee each Razor

to be not an expensive

will be refunded. Razor

for use and does not require

Special price this sale,

each

Parcel post weight 4

CORN RAZORS

Each Razor warranted. Special

price this sale, each

Parcel post weight 4

POULTRY NETTING

Carried in the following

4, 5 and 6 foot. A full roll

1 foot wide, \$1.50

2 foot wide, \$2.00

3 foot wide, \$2.50

5 foot wide, \$3.75

6 foot wide, \$4.50

Parcel post weight 4

GRASS SEEDS

Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,

per pound

2 lbs. \$2.00

English Ryegrass,

per pound

2 lbs. \$2.00

Mixed Lawn Grass,

per pound

2 lbs. \$2.00

Fancy Dutch White Clover,

per pound

2 lbs. \$2.00

CHAMPION SPARK PLUG

1/2-INCH

The best low-priced plug made

Special price, each

Parcel post weight 5

GARDEN SPADES

Regular size; made of best steel

and polished. Price, each

3-IN-1 NEST OF SAW

This set all

good quali-

ty takes in

a wide

range of

work. Saw

comforting

back saw,

14-in.

panel saw,

11-in.

compass

saw, 12-in.

Special price

Parcel post weight

SCHROETER BROS. HARDWARE

717 and 719 Washington

DIAMONDS

ON CREDIT

WATCHES

You should be proud of the

you have a charge account

LOFTIS BROS. & CO.

A man who has opened a charge

count for a purchase at value

Genuine Diamond is a mark of

and social standing.

A DIAMOND IS THE EMBLEM

SUCCESS

Loftis Seven-Diamond

Cluster Ring

The Diamond

mounted

look like one

of the

the exact

that would

three from

as much

as gold

\$50.00

\$100.00

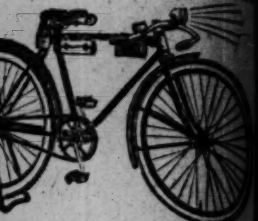
\$150.00

\$200.00

\$250.00

\$300.00

CHROETER
717 and 719 Washington Ave.
St. Louis.
Weekly Ad No. 699
IS SALE CLOSES TUESDAY
MARCH 12, 6 P. M.
SEND US YOUR MAIL ORDERS
SCHROETER'S SPECIAL
CLE FOR MEN OR BOYS



sted Tires, Coaster Brakes, 10
Guards and Spotlights.
ed in royal blue and Indian
parts heavily nickel-plated, dis-
top of saddle to pedal at
when seat post is lowered.
height of frame, 22
with tool bag, pump, bell
it 2 assorted wrenches.
3 pounds. Special, \$27.48
with spotlight.

CKEL ALARM CLOCKS
6 inches; depth, 2 1/2 inches;
dial on top of clock. Special
price this sale, each, 98c.
total post weight, 2 pounds.

EMIER COFFEE MILL
has caulder with a screw top,
light; hopper holds one pound
over all, 17 inches.
price, 98c.
total post weight, 3 pounds.

AUTO WRENCH SET
consists of 3 thin steel wrenches,
action pilot, 1 adjustable wrench
in a canvas roll.
price, \$1.48
total post weight, 2 pounds.

OTH-ON-IRON CEMENT
chemically prepared compound, re-
sists the addition of water and
will resist the action of steam,
fire and oil; for repairing cracks
in iron it has no
1-pound cans, each, 60c.
size 3-pound cans, each, 1.00.
total post weight 2 pounds.

"TIRE-DOH"
pairing automobile tires easily
permanently without vul-
canizing. Complete outfit,
Larger size, \$1.00.

LOW-GROUND RAZOR
guarantee each razor to shave
if not as advertised money
refunded. Razor is set hard
and does not require holding
price this sale, \$1.50
total post weight, 4 ounces.

CORN RAZORS
razor warranted. Special
this sale, each, 38c.
total post weight, 4 ounces.

POULTRY NETTING
galvanized.
in the following sizes: 1, 2, 3,
4 & 5 feet. A full roll consists
of 100 feet. Price, per roll:
1 foot wide, \$1.50
2 feet wide, \$2.50
3 feet wide, \$3.50
4 feet wide, \$4.50
5 feet wide, \$5.50
total post weight, 10 pounds.

GRASS SEEDS
Kentucky Blue Grass, 35c.
and 2 lbs. \$1.50.
Rye Grass, 20c.
and 2 lbs. \$1.00.
Lawn Grass, 35c.
and 2 lbs. \$1.50.
Buck White Clover, 75c.
and 2 lbs. \$3.00.

PISTON SPARK PLUGS
1/2-INCH
at low-priced plug made.
price, each, 49c.
total post weight, 5 ounces.

GARDEN SPADE
size; made of best steel.
Price, each, \$1.10

IN-1 NEST OF SAWS
all
mail
as in.

ETER BROS. HARDWARE CO.
and 719 Washington Ave.

AMONDS
IN CREDIT
ATCHES

ould be proud of the fact that
have a charge account at
TIS BROS. & CO.

who has opened a charge ac-
count or a purchase as valuable as
Diamond is a man of business
standing.

DIAMOND IS THE EMBLEM OF
SUCCESS.

is Seven-Diamond
Cluster Rings

The Diamonds are
mounted so as to
look like one large
single stone. The
exact appearance
of a diamond
that would cost
three or four times
as much.
splendid value at
\$50, \$75, \$100 and
\$125.
Credit Terms:
\$1.25, \$1.45,
and \$5.00 per week.

ver He Is, Send Him This
TARY WRIST WATCH

No matter whether you are a
judge of watches or not,
you can send him this
watch and be certain
that it will be a
story or
will make
no.

\$1.50
A MONTH

LS TIME
HE DARK

itary Wrist Watch, leather
unbreakable glass. Bright
movement, illuminating
dial. Special at
\$1.50 a Month.

Open Evening:
or write for Catalog No. 882.
Central 882 or Main 87.
Salesman will call.

The Credit Agency
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P.O. Box 1000
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BROS. & CO. 1653

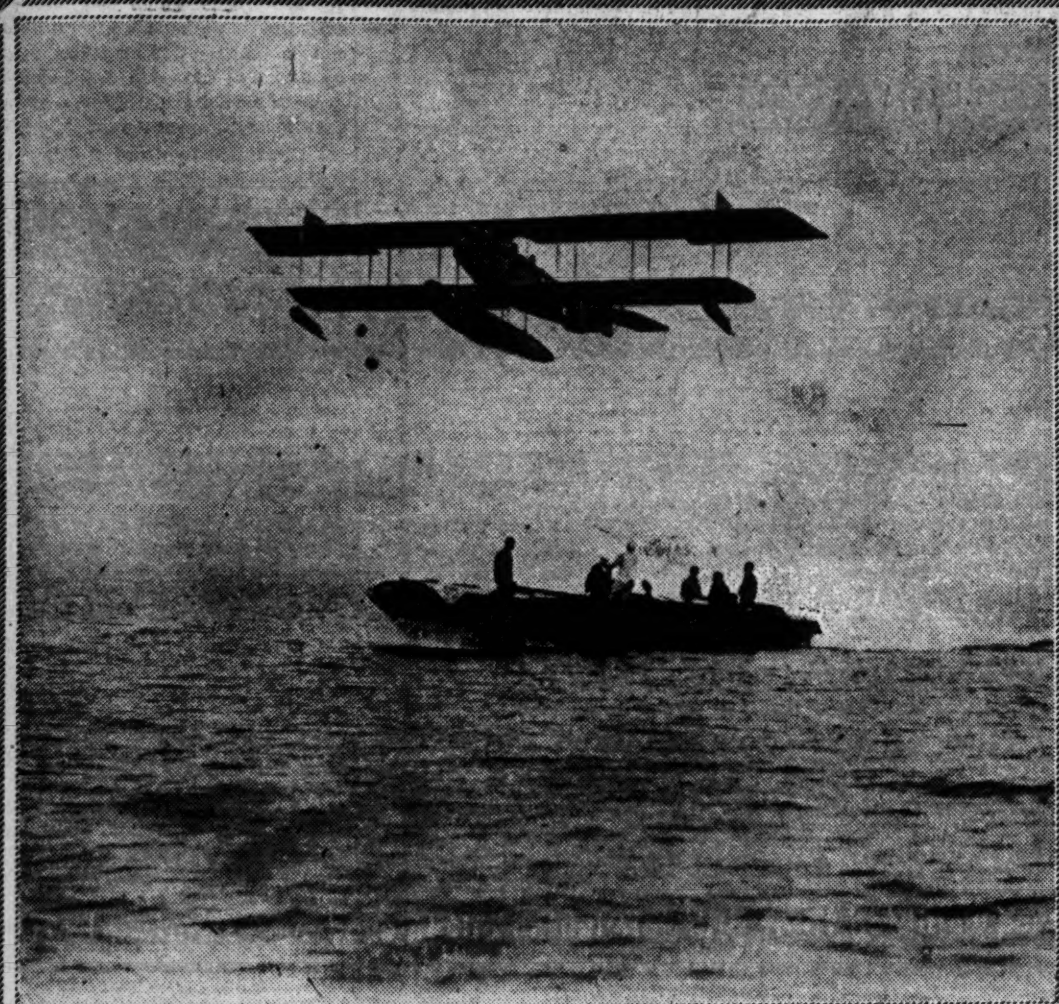
or result machinery
patch wants.

Editorial Page
News Photographs
Women's Features
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 6, 1918.

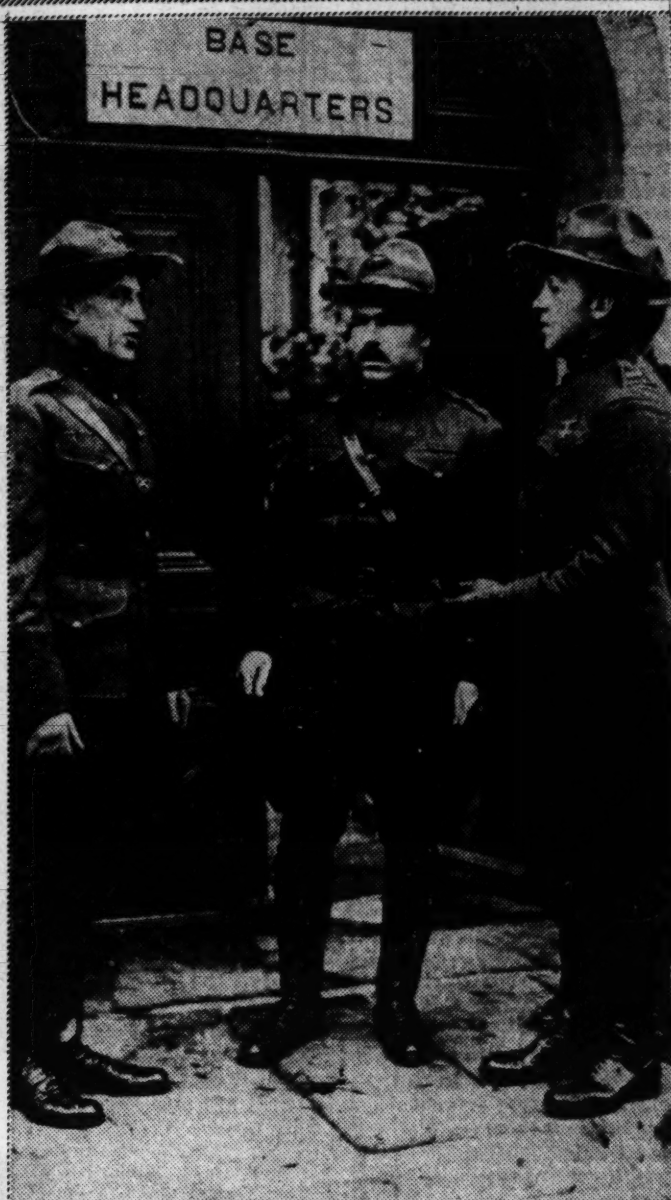
DAILY MAGAZINE

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Popular Comics
Sporting News
Market Reports
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 6, 1918.



A race between a naval airplane and a fleet tender at the Naval Aviation Station, Pensacola, Fla. The tender can go 40 miles an hour, but the aircraft easily outdistanced it. © COM. PUB. IN.



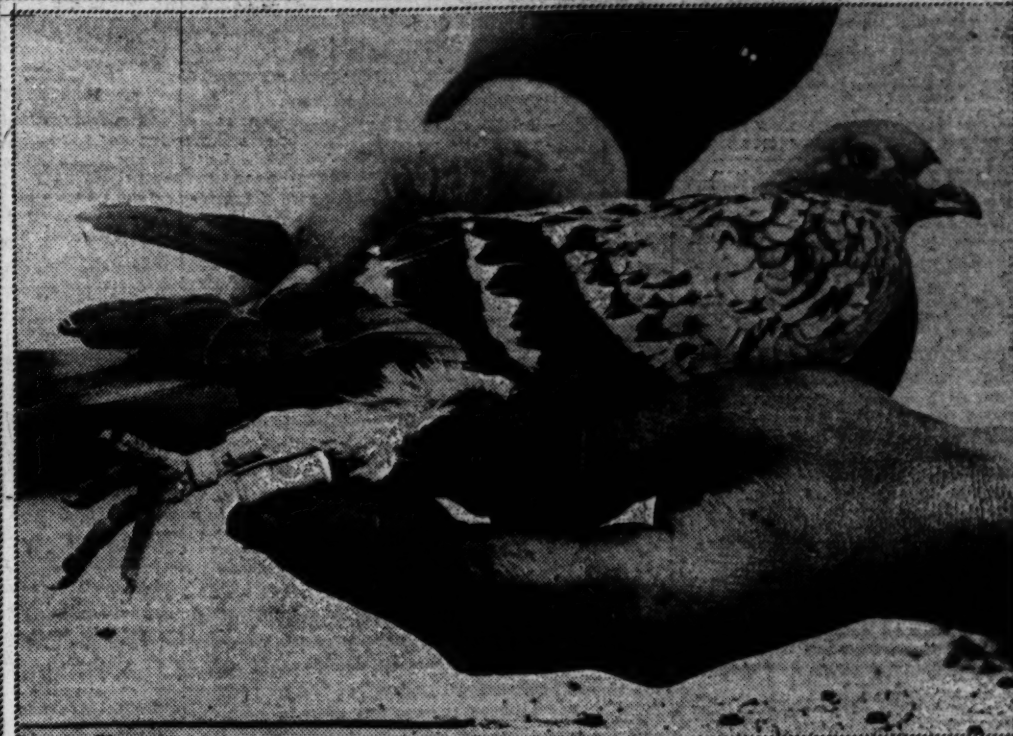
Gen. Doyen, at left, commander of the American marines in France. He is issuing orders to members of his staff. © COM. PUB. IN.



Part of St. Louis' final quota of drafted men to depart for the training camp. These men are from the First Ward.



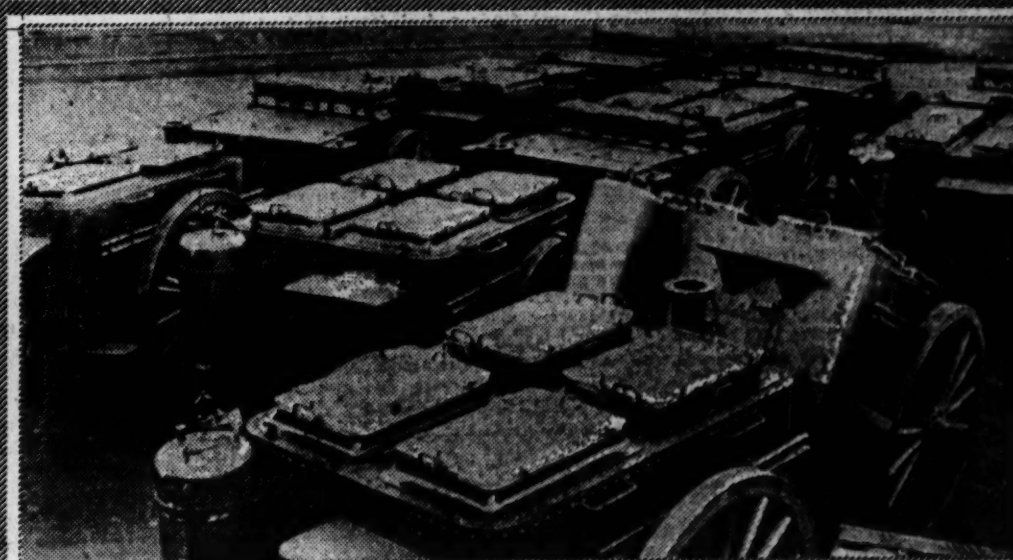
Sergt. H.F. Schibi, of St. Charles, member of American Flying Corps, who was one of a party of Americans received by the British royal family.



Showing how messages are attached to the legs of carrier pigeons in the British navy. The birds have been highly useful in carrying messages from vessels unequipped with wireless. © U.S. NAVY.



Pilot of a British seaplane releasing a carrier pigeon. © U.S. NAVY.



A "battery" of American army field kitchen ranges just landed in France. Below is shown how they are used at the front.



Instructors of the Nicholas Branch, Red Cross. Left to right, Miss Helen Goerts, Mrs. E.A. Robinson, Mrs. J.H. Van Deusen, Jr., Miss Marie Hadley, Miss Marguerite Pelligreen and Miss Grace Taussig.



Preparing a hot dinner for our men at the front. As soon as the shelter of a wood such as this is reached the field kitchens are put to work.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH
Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER
Oct. 15, 1878.
Published by the Post-Dispatch Publishing Co.
Twelfth and Olive Streets
POST-DISPATCH CIRCULATION
Average for entire year, 1917:
Sunday, 361,263
Daily and Sunday, 194,593

THE POST-DISPATCH sells more papers in St. Louis and suburbs every day in the year than there are houses in the city. Member Audit Bureau of Circulations.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS
By special arrangement with the Associated Press, the Post-Dispatch is authorized to use for publication of all news dispatches credited to it or not credited to it, and also the local news published herein, subject to the condition of special discounts herein are also reserved.

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Daily and Sunday, one year, \$12.00
Daily without Sunday, one year, \$10.00
Sunday only, one year, \$5.00
Remit either by postal order, express money order or St. Louis exchange.

By Mail: In St. Louis and suburbs, per month, \$1.00
By Carrier: Out of St. Louis, per month, \$1.10
Entered at postoffice, St. Louis, Mo., as second-class matter.

Ref. Olive 6666 Kitch, Central 6666

THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles, that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely printing news, always be drastically independent, never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.
April 10, 1907.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Unorganized Labor Needs Help.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
What are we to do when we can't make both ends meet? Why don't the Government see to it that the unorganized working man get a fair wage? Government reports say they have been given substantial increases. They mean organized labor. We have to take just what is doled out to us and that is all we get. Yet Congress insists on all business getting a fair return and they fix the percentage—the price of coal, wheat and most everything.

I see one Senator wants to put the price of wheat up to \$2.75 per bushel, which means higher prices for flour. If they have the power to fix their price, why can't they find a way to fix the salary of those who don't happen to be so fortunate as to belong to any union and on whose shoulders the burden falls heaviest and who are largely in the majority? Reports from Washington a day or two ago said living expenses in the past year advanced 25 per cent. I am 18 per cent worse off, as I only got a raise of 7 per cent. When everything needed is taken into consideration, coal, shoes, clothes, etc., I am about 25 per cent to the bad.

Why don't your good paper, with the great good it does for the people, champion their cause, many of whom can't get into a union on account of the character of their work? These are the people who need assistance. Those organized get enough, but still want more, and they generally get it, at our expense, and there's nothing left for the other fellow, for they ate the apple core and all.

If justice be done, the fellow who is down should be helped so he could at least live decently and pay for heavy increases in everything he buys. A. B. C.
P. S.—Since writing the above cured vegetables have jumped 10 per cent.

Drafted Men Adrift.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
I am another Class 1-A man out of work. Now, how are we to live until the next call? You say you go to the board and ask to be sent to camp. You don't know how we drafted men are treated; we are simply ignored or told that the board is too busy. Now, as we are accepted we are in the employ of the Government, the Government should pay us our wages. Are we to be strangled to death with "red tape"? DISGUSTED.

P. S.—My name does not matter, as the above is true of more than one or two drafted men.

Catch the Burglars.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
For the past eight or 10 months the number of burglaries, holdups and similar attacks upon citizens of this city seem to be beyond the control of the police, and are really getting intolerable. As a loyal citizen of St. Louis, I beg to make the following suggestion, which, I think, after being improved by suggestions from other citizens, will be the only means of protecting the city. My suggestion is as follows:

That "predicament guards" be formed composed of all male members of every home between the ages of 19 and 55 years. That every night two guards be appointed to patrol a territory covering two blocks, which would give ample protection to pedestrians and homes. These guards would serve about once a month, as their turn came.

This is not a knock to the Police Department, but merely a suggestion to aid them, as the police force does not seem to be sufficient protection from bold attacks upon the public. The writer is willing to give up a night whenever called upon to do patrol duty, and believe that the majority of the male population will give their services without being compelled.

While our boys are doing their bit "over there" to help make the world safe for democracy, let us do our bit over here and make the community safe from burglaries and other attacks. H. ADLER.

Unpaid Apprentice Teachers.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
Having completed my normal course, I am now an apprentice in the public schools. I have the expense of car fare and lunch money, but receiving no salary from the Board of Education. I find it hard to meet even those expenses. My mother is a widow, trying to support me and younger brothers and sisters. It is very hard and taxing on a person's mind, with no income and the high cost of living and trying to do your best in the school room. If we were allowed only a small salary it would help so much. There are others who face similar conditions, and we would be thankful if the board would consider the matter. LOUISE.

MUZZLED RUSSIA.

It was not merely Russian territory and Russian population that Lenin and Trotsky surrendered to Germany in the Brest-Litovsk peace convention. They surrendered the professed principles of Bolsheviki as well and pledged themselves to muzzle the revolution. They surrendered free speech.

Section 2 of the Brest-Litovsk convention provides that:

"The contracting nations will refrain from all agitation or provocation against other nations."

And in Section 3:

"Russia undertakes to refrain from all interference in the internal affairs of these territories and to let Germany and Austria determine the future of these territories on agreement with their populations."

The appeal to the proletariat is stifled; yet it was by the appeal to the proletariat that Lenin and Trotsky justified the policy toward Germany that they have pursued since the Government of Russia fell into their hands.

They did not fight for liberty against German autocracy. They would not permit Russian armies to fight for liberty against German autocracy. They professed to be armed with superior weapons. They intended to resist Germany by arousing the German proletariat and bringing it to the rescue of the revolution. Even their harsh critics believed that there might be method in this madness, and that if there was any honesty in their undertakings, this was the point at which they might be sincere.

All that is finished now. When they came to the settlement they abandoned the right of appeal to the German and Austrian proletariat as lightly as they abandoned Russian soil to the invader—as lightly as they left helpless Armenians to the "self-determination" of the murderous Turk. They pledged themselves even to suppress any agitation inimical to the interests of Germany and her partners.

Mr. Taft cites the example of Russia as a warning against the danger of using diplomacy as a means of making peace. But what took place at Brest-Litovsk was not diplomacy. It can no more be described as diplomacy than the treason of an army commander would be described as a military operation. It was even more than the betrayal of a nation, for Bolsheviki have no sympathy with nationality, and might escape conviction on that count in the indictment. There is no such defense for their abject submission to the junker edict against free speech and against the appeal to the proletariat. That involves the final surrender of everything in which Lenin and Trotsky have ever professed faith.

HARVEY'S FOOL CRACK.

In the vicious assault of Col. George Harvey, editor of the North American Review, on the administration over the shoulder of Secretary of War Baker is the following paragraph:

But it is not the enemy, whose ways are his own, who most concerns us. It is the allies. And, so far as the world is informed, the allies have no plans. Their Supreme War Council was summoned into being with a flourish of trumpets but quickly ended its first session with the sapient announcement that "unity of action" had been agreed upon. The United States was not represented officially.

What a wise thing it would have been on the part of the Supreme War Council of the Allies to have informed the world, including our enemies, concerning their war plans. What more could the council say with the least regard for prudence except that "unity of action" had been agreed upon?

The Colonel made a fool crack in that paragraph. Perhaps his whole assault may be judged by it.

SAVING ST. LOUIS' BABIES.

Through a typographical error the figures of reduction in infant mortality in 1917, as compared with 1916, by the use of pure milk, were incorrectly stated in Sunday's Post-Dispatch. The reports show that in 1916 134 infants out of every 1000 under 1 year of age died. In 1917 this was reduced to 89 out of every 1000.

This great reduction in infant mortality was chiefly to be attributed to the extension of the work of supplying pure, modified milk to families who would otherwise have been unable to obtain it. The milk was distributed by the St. Louis Pure Milk Commission, and a large part of the expense was defrayed out of the fund raised by Post-Dispatch readers, especially the children of the Pure Milk and Free Ice League, who worked all summer for the cause.

The need of pure milk this coming summer will be even more pressing than in past seasons, and the Pure Milk Commission expects to open new stations for its distribution.

It is a work that St. Louis cannot afford to drop. We must see to it that more babies are saved this year than during any previous season.

THE PACIFIC COAST'S HERODOTUS.

Historical research, the branch of knowledge which it to acquaint future Americans with the beginning of things on this continent and the record of achievement up to this time, would be placed on a very brilliant footing in America if every state or group of neighboring states had a man to deal with their materials as Hubert H. Bancroft dealt with the materials of California and the Pacific group.

Not even New England, whose authors wrote our first national histories without subordinating or belittling, as we now understand, their own local events, has anything more exhaustive and authoritative than the Far West has in the work of this remarkable man. He went to California soon after its admission as a state. As proprietor of a book store he had acquired a bookish passion which led him to a study of old records disclosing the annals of the region from the very earliest time. His inquiries went deeply into the doings of the Spaniards in the Western part of the continent and from the wealth of data he accumulated the scope of his writings expanded to include not only his monumental work on California, the most notable history relating to a single American state, but works on the entire region we acquired from Mexico, a history of Central America and a voluminous history of Mexico.

He pursued the true historical method, went back to original sources for his facts and placed large reliance on the personal narratives of reliable pioneers and early settlers. This Herodotus of the Pacific Coast performed an invaluable service in collecting and preserving information which otherwise would have been dissipated and lost to the world in a few years. He left to those who come after him little to do in his particular field but to select and rearrange and present in new forms the materials he spent his life in elaborating.

Mr. Bryan says the newspapers give publicity to the exception rather than to the rule. Come to think of it they have given him a great deal of publicity.

A HOME FOR MISSOURI SOLDIERS.

If only as a matter of simple fairness and good will, St. Louisans ought to get behind the project to raise \$25,000 for a Missouri building for our soldiers at Camp Funston.

At present, if the boys of the 354th Regiment, most of whom are from St. Louis and Northeast Missouri, wish to entertain their women relatives and friends, they must do it in the street. There is no place where their officers can assemble for social or professional purposes outside the camp. If they wish to give a concert, they must borrow the Kansas building or the Nebraska building, for Kansas and Nebraska have already provided such places for their own boys.

There is neither sense nor justice in such a condition. The young men who are in training there now or who will go later come mainly from St. Louis homes. While they uncomplainingly face the hardships of camp life and of the field, they none the less keenly feel their deprivation of social comforts to which they have been accustomed. It is possible to relieve them of at least this hardship and at what is a trifling cost for this city.

Such recreation centers as the proposed one are endorsed by the high commands of the army. They are gathering places in which a fine esprit de corps can be built. Every Missourian should feel that he has a personal stake in a Missouri building.

STATE INCOME TAX LAW.

The State income tax law is modeled after the Federal law of like purpose in force prior to the late war revenue legislation. Its intent is easily grasped and making out a return under it does not involve as many perplexing points as a puzzle. The rate is not burdensome and its enforcement will subject to taxation the proceeds of many forms of personal property that now escape tax free. The total additional revenue it would make available would go far toward relieving the State Treasury of financial embarrassments.

The validity of the enactment is attacked in a lawsuit. The test should be expedited in every possible way. Technical defects in the measure might be corrected at the special session Gov. Gardner has announced he will call this spring. But, of course, unless the court decision establishing the insufficiency of the act in its present form is handed down before the special session adjourns correctives cannot be applied and the benefits of the tax will be lost during the present year.

Bewildered Russians who can't understand the outcome of the Brest-Litovsk negotiations must be wondering whether Wilhelm is Sultan of Germany or Kaiser of Turkey.

PNEUMATIC REVETER VS. PERISCOPE.

After months of feverish effort and disappointments and enormous expenditures and disquieting changes in directing personnel and basic plans, the ship program has at least reached a stage where results are being shown.

During this present month 25 new vessels will be completed and made ready to be added to our merchant fleets. Besides, 34 ships will be launched, after which only their internal equipment must be supplied to enable them to begin service. The number of launched ships and of fully completed ships will increase in arithmetical ratio in subsequent months. If the mark set for the year of 1900 completed vessels is reached, it will mean an average of 133 vessels for each month, the two months just past as well as the 10 to come.

But whether or not production reaches 1600 or falls a little short, it is certain that by May the U-boats will have to be much busier than they have been in the recent past if they sink as many old ships as the United States will be turning out in new ones. One \$800-ton steel freighter was launched in 64 days after its keel was laid, a record in rapid construction. The 130 shipyards now in the country have places where a total of 700 ships can be built at one time. England and other Entente countries also have intensive ship-building programs.

What can a poor U-boat do when sneaking destruction is so hopelessly outstripped by honest construction? The pneumatic riveter has the periscope outclassed.

The chief of police of Peoria wired the chief of police of St. Louis that a St. Louisan had been taken into custody there, after having purchased a hotel, a junk yard, a liquor store and a music store. He added, "please wire disposition." We would say his disposition was reckless.

UNPATRIOTIC EMPLOYERS.

The Post-Dispatch continues to receive letters from drafted men who have been refused employment because they are subject to call. All of these men cannot be sent to camp immediately. They must have temporary employment to enable them to live until they actually enter the Government service.

In one or two cases the Post-Dispatch has been able to enlist the aid of patriotic employers and work has been found for the drafted man. But some who make this complaint give no name and address. One such writer simply signs himself "Disgusted."

It is no wonder that men in this position are disgusted and disheartened. They are practically in the service of their country as soon as classified as subject to call. And that very fact, they find, debars them from making a living.

The employer who is able to place such a man and refuses to do so is unpatriotic. He is ignoring his duty to help the men who are going over to fight his battles and help save the country.



BACK TO EARTH.

JUST A MINUTE

Written for the POST-DISPATCH
by Clark McAdams

CHICAGO SPEAKS.

I'll try anything once, you see.
Here I am ready, service-dressed;
New York liked his work, and he
Also the Bostonians impressed;
Singers North, South, East and West
Have sought the way to the altar rest;
So now for Sunday at his best—
Chicago hitting the saddest trail!

Gotham drags of her motley brood
Grabbing bullets from Billy's gun;
Watch me in a receptive mood,
Scatolog salutation by the ton.
Fests attempted here are done;
I never knew such word as fall;
So now for Sunday's record run—
Chicago hitting the saddest trail!

Of Boul. Mich. made a heavenly link,
Of Packington turned sweet, I dream,
With Bathhouse Johnny, Hinky Dink
And Mayor Big Bill a gospel team;
Rare magic from the healing stream
Runs in the Tabernacle gate;
So now for Sunday's stunt supreme—
Chicago hitting the saddest trail!

This is the place the prophets meant
Who saw Edenic days once more,
With Prince and pauper penitent
And Brotherhood their richest store;
And Clark street sister to Lake Shore
—All kneeling at the altar rail;
So now for Sunday's highest score—
Chicago hitting the saddest trail!

JAMES C. McNALLY.

However, Russia is none the less conquered because the Germans have halted their march on Petrograd. The Germans seem to think that this squares everything, but it doesn't. Trotsky, whose experiments in pacifism have cost Russia a fourth of her territory, thinks public opinion in Germany, among other places, is going to compel the Germans to surrender what they have taken. Thus Trotsky makes what might be called a supreme test of the theory of nonresistance to armed force, leaving public opinion to deal with it. In fairness to him, let it be said that it is a pity there is anyone else in the conflict but Germany and Russia, that this test might be made without prejudice upon any score. There may be something in it. We are afraid there isn't, but it would have been interesting to have seen it tried out upon the Russians, probably the only people in the world, unless it is the Chinese, upon whom it could be tried.

The local custom of stealing automobiles and paying bills with them took a laughable turn the other day, when somebody stole 15 machines with which to pay bills coming in the first of March.

WIRELESS.

You were gazing my way, when, by love inspired,
I chanced to glance at you!
Across the crowds, your message came,
And I knew, sweetheart, I knew!
ELINOR MAXWELL.

MORE LIGHT UPON KINGS.

The growing impression that once rid of their kings the people would become peaceful enough will be heightened by the following from the Game Breeder:

One of our Western members, who has been very successful in breeding bolwhive quail, writes: "Now you ask how I went about the rearing of quail. I would advise anyone raising quail to use a .22-caliber rifle to kill the king or leader of the various coveys. I had about 60 pair of quail, and they divided up in bunches, with their king or leader sitting in the center, to give the alarm signal if anything approached their camp. I took my rifle and killed these leaders through a hole made in the building. From that time, after the kings were killed, I could approach the birds without seeing them go to the top of the cage, and soon the birds became very tame."

Maybe the Germans could be tamed in that way.

THY SYMPHONY

With Apologies to W. E. Channing.
To knit a garment every week—to seek work rather than play and patriots rather than slackers, to be busy, not idle, and brave, not bold, to read intelligently, think silently, talk guardedly and act accordingly, to listen to Wilson and Hoover, Davidson and Garfield with open heart—to bear all smilingly, do all willingly, await instructions, then never tarry; in a word, to let the altruistic, patriotic and economic grow up through the prosaic. This is to be thy symphony.

LORNA JANE TEUSCHER.

Maybe the Kaiser is afraid of the idea of March.

TO MY GRAVE

SECLUDED spot, where'er thou be,
Beneath the pine or cypress tree,
In valley green or hillside bare,
Let one wild flower blossom there.

'Tis here my hopes, 'tis here my dreams,
'Tis here my fondest boyhood themes
Lie buried 'neath the grass and clay,
While ages drift and fade away.

From yonder arch those orbs of light
Will twinkle, twinkle in the night;
Aeons will pass as one short day,
While in my robes of death I lay.

The spheres will flicker, burst and burn,
And cycles crumble in their turn;
The sun grow dim and fainter glow,
Descending in a maze below.

The dawn will break a golden red
O'er countless graves where sleep the dead—
The mystery will cease to be
In that beyond—eternity.

Roll on, thou planet—on thro' space;
The earth will be my slumbering place,
While meteors flash and stars still shine
Upon a world that once was mine.
J. KERSHAW.

The MIRROR PUBLIC OPINION

This column is designed to represent without bias the latest comment on leading publicists, newspapers and publicists on the questions of the day.

A NORSE REPUBLIC.

IT would be somewhat strange if a great war, which was begun by extension of autocracy, should prove to end a maker of republics. Indeed, through the anarchic degeneracy of Russian revolution, it may seem almost have brought several republics into being, but these fragments of the fallen empires are becoming nothing better than domains, perhaps not even excepting the land. A movement of a different and character, democratic in spirit, its purpose is as yet undefined, appears to be engaging popular thought in Norway and Denmark, largely in consequence of the trials to which these nations have been subjected by the maintenance of their neutrality, the German menace, the British blockade and the American embargo, has been as hard to them as the maintenance of equilibrium by a novice on a tight rope, and the difficulty of their common sense has united them in sympathy and then closer in sentiment than they were.

Mr. Maurice Francis Egan, the Danish States Minister to Denmark, has written the change of feeling in the Scandinavian countries, and in an address to the American Academy of Arts and Letters he did not hesitate to express the opinion that now the tendency of thought among the Norwegians is toward a republican form of government. This statement is astonishing in regard to Sweden, but it does surprise us with respect to Norway. Egan is right in saying that Norway would probably have become a republic immediately after the dissolution of the union with Sweden. In 1905, had it not been for "the influence of the great powers, including Great Britain," those powers favored the continuance of the monarchical system, and the British Government took an interest in the proposed election of Prince Charles of Denmark as King of Norway, his wife being King George's sister, Princess Maud. Freedom is prized in Norway, and Norwegian public opinion has been with the allies throughout the war, though wearing the veil of neutrality.

Sweden had other views at the outbreak of the war. With a pro-German King, an intensely German Queen and a tradition-bound aristocracy, that country decidedly inclined toward Germany. Time and the torpedoing of Swedish ships were needed to quench what Mr. Egan calls the "admiral respect" of the educated Swedes for everything German. He believes that this has been done, and that at the same time the Swedish jealousy of Norway has subsided. But since he spoke, the Swedish Government has acted as if it were an ally of Germany by taking the Aland Islands from Russia, and if the Germans were able to make the Baltic a German lake, the life of democracy in Sweden would be precarious. As we all know, the position of Denmark is such that her love of liberty is coupled with the love of Germany. The Danes would gladly fight if they had had a chance to recover the lost duchies and escape from the chilling shade of German power. Perhaps America also has chilled them a little by her embargo. Denmark reminds us that in 1864, while she was at war with Prussia, she refrained at Lincoln's request from seizing enemy merchantmen which were bound for this country with supplies, and she pleads that America does not treat her fairly now by imposing an embargo. She will yet understand better how necessary it is to prevent all the Scandinavian countries from feeding the enemy with what we send them.

Mr. Egan has arrived at the conclusion that all three of them, notwithstanding their worries of blockade and embargo, are sincerely hopeful that the allies will win the war. Neither Norway nor Denmark need we doubt. Both are distinctly against autocracy. And they care but little for monarchy, though they would not willingly part with their sovereigns. Make these republics, hold presidential elections, and probably by unanimous choice the present Kings would be the Presidents. For each of them, like Albert of Belgium, is an avowed democrat. It is political curiosity, a democratic King. It would be pleasant to know that Gustaf was of the same mind as Haakon and Christian. To have that Scandinavian trio for freedom is very desirable. We shall be glad if our Minister to Denmark is right in his opinion that a Norse republic, almost inconceivable before the war, has become probable, or at least possible.

More Psychology Nonsense.

From the Chicago Daily News.
German newspapers fatuously talk about the "psychological effect of the sinking of the Lusitania." Germany has studied psychology more assiduously than any other nation in the world—and has less understanding of it. "Frightfulness" is the only fruit of German "psychology," and frightfulness has had just the opposite effect to what it was intended to produce.

TODAY'S BEST CARTOON.



"HEY, THERE!"
Bykes in the Philadelphia Evening Ledger.

OPINION

designed to reproduce latest comment by the newspapers and periodicals of the day.

THE REPUBLIC.

script.

newspaper strange if the which was begun for the racy, should prove in the republics. Indirectly, chic degeneracy of the

it may seem already to the republics into the ground that it will harden them, and the virtues.

When you ask these objectors which of the essentially feminine characteristics are likely to be so injured by the entrance of women into the trades and professions, they hem and haw, and finally say, "Oh, well, you know—er—women won't be so sweet and womanly. They won't be so trusting and confiding. They'll be more suspicious and worldly wise, self-assertive and all that kind of thing, you know."

If you mean that the woman who has acquired enough strength and backbone to stand alone won't be a slight vine any longer, you are right, you answer patiently, but is there anything so peculiarly admirable in a floppy, spineless, wet dishrag sort of a woman, who has to hang on to any man upon whom she may get her clutches? So you really think that the parasite woman is the highest type of womanhood? Do you think that the girl who marries to get some man to support her shows that she is of finer and higher nature than the girl who rolls up her sleeves and goes to work to support herself?

Don't you know from your own observation that there is nothing else in the world that so utterly demoralizes character, whether it's a woman's character or a man's character, as dependence? Did you ever know a human being who, graced by his or her living who wasn't a liar and a scoundrel, and filled with envy and spite? And on the other hand, don't you know that there is a margin in independence that gives people self-respect, and poise, honesty and dignity?

I know two girls, both of whom are pretty and attractive and poor. One of them sponges around, a self-invited guest, who is never wanted, and who is forever hunting for gifts of clothes and money, and who will marry any man on earth who can support her, regardless of her feelings toward him.

THE other girl refused the offer of a rich relative to become a member of his family. She studied stenography and is holding down a good job in a business house, when she marries it will be for a high and holy, not a sordid reason. Which of these girls' character do you admire the more, the one that has been molded by society or business?

Perhaps a business training will make women more suspicious and less trusting. As you hope so, any event. A trusting nature has never gotten anybody anywhere except into trouble, and its been woman's everlasting undoing. There isn't a tragedy of a lost woman that doesn't begin with her blind trust in some faithless man. Anything that will make women use their heads more and their hearts less will be a godsend to the sex.

As for business robbing women of the finer feminine qualities, give yourself no uneasiness about that. It simply gives them room for freer and fuller expression.

Take self sacrifice, for instance. That has always been considered woman's star virtue. Well, the business woman exalts self sacrifice to the ninth power. I have worked many a working woman who, in the face of a century, and I have known thousands of them intimately, and from Sarah Bernhardt, 73 and crippled, still working to support her family, to the humblest cash girl who turns her blind trust in any man over her mother, I have never known a single working woman who wasn't giving the best part of her earnings to taking care of somebody else.

There isn't an office, there isn't a store, there isn't a factory that hasn't in it some woman who is making a heroic sacrifice of herself on the altar of her family, who isn't sacrificing her chance for happiness in life to take care of her old parents or give her younger brothers and sisters the opportunities that she never had.

AND as for the other brouhade feminine virtue—sympathy—if you want to see it in its flower look for it among working women. The woman who has never known what it was to be hungry, or cold, or racked with anxiety about the rent money, does not know how to feel. Her heart has never really been touched. It takes the woman who has been through the hell of poverty to sympathize with the poor.

If you want help don't go to the rich society woman, go to the business woman. She will split her last nickel with you. She will help you work. She will teach the new girl her job, and above all she will extend the charity of a kindly judgment and pity the woman who stumbles and falls, because she herself has trod the road and knows how many "dangerous" are its pitfalls.

Of course, no one will deny that going into business will mold the feminine character along different lines, but it seems to me that the change will be for the better, not the worse.

To begin with, the business girl will be far less easy to please about men than the domestic girl. She will also be less eager to marry. The girl who has no occupation, no interest in life, and whose family makes her feel that every turn that it was time she was getting off of her hands, would not afford to be overly squeamish

about men, and she practically had to jump at her first chance. The girl who is able to make enough money to support herself quite as comfortably as any man is likely to, and who has the absorbing interest of a congenial occupation, does not have to marry either for a career or a support, and she thinks a long time before she exchanges a job for a husband.

But the man she marries has the blessed assurance that he is being married for himself alone, and that he must be a regular fellow if a clear headed, intelligent young man thought him worthy to be her mate.

THE business girl will undoubtedly be less emotional than the old-fashioned domestic girl was. She won't be sponging over sentimentality at every turn. She will never be a sweet Alice Ben Bolt that wept with delight when any man gave her a smile, nor trembled at his frown. The rigid training of trade will have taught her to stand up for her own, and not to let her fancy run away with her judgment.

But, on the other hand, if she is less sentimental she will be a million times more sensible, and there is nothing that makes for comfort and peace in domestic life as does a woman who has good, hard, horse sense, and who can get a rational perspective on things. Temperament is generally translated into temper in the concrete, and there are no women so hard to live with as those who meet every crisis in life with hysterics, instead of reason.

It has been said that no man is a hero to his valet. Assuredly no man is a demigod to the woman who has worked with men. She knows all their ways and tricks, and no man can put anything over on her.

But the man who marries a business girl gets a wife who has been trained to self-control, and to know how to get along with men, when to speak and when to keep silent. He gets a wife who knows how hard money is made, and who can sympathize with him when he comes home so tired at night that he doesn't even want to speak, because she has been through the same mill herself.

Business will replace the weak, dependent woman with the strong, independent woman, and the change is all for the good.

Coming Back at the Court. Judge (severely): Aren't you ashamed to be seen here so often? Boxy Bill: Why, bless yer honor, this place is quite respectable to some places where I've been. Boston Transcript.

Saturate a head of lettuce and place it in a paper bag. If kept in a moderately cold place it will remain fresh several days.

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MILADY'S ALPHABET

By C. D. BATCHELOR

Why Snowbirds Are White.

ONCE upon a time a dear old fairy had all by herself in a tiny house made of moss, colored pebbles and shining sand. The sides of her cozy little room, which was under a great stone by the North Sea, were of crystal. The glittering pink sand made a pretty carpet, while the moss and brilliant pebbles were used to form furniture in odd shapes.

In the greater part of the year the sea was terribly cold. Huge icebergs floated by its rocky coast. Lighter flashed across the dark sky in the long nights, and on the dark bleak shore there roamed the seals and the polar bears.

But the little old fairy did not object at all to the climate—in fact, she liked it for the cold lands have their sprites just as well as the climes where the orange trees and roses bloom. This old fairy went every day to ride in a tiny sleigh drawn by small deer with golden horns.

Her only companion was a pretty blackbird. Very strange its dark color looked against the pale blue sky and the vast fields of blinding snow. Every night it would go to sleep in a low pine outside the old fairy's home.

One night as the blackbird was nodding it heard a bear talking to its mate.

"If it were not for that blackbird we could get to the cavern back of the fairy's home," said the first bear. "I would break in anyway, only that bird seems never to sleep, and always wakes her up. I am afraid of her magic power when she wakes. If I can catch her asleep I could break right through and get into that nice, big, warm cave."

"I do not see how that bird stops you," replied the second bear. "You surely are not afraid of a small thing like that!"

"It gives the alarm," replied the first bear. "And that wakes the fairy. You know I am powerless against her if she is awake."

"Well," said the second animal, "the bird is so black that it is easy to see her against the snowy background. She always sits on the side of the entrance. Why not come up on the other pathway?"

"That is a good idea," remarked the first bear. "It is easy to see her. If she were wise she would stay in the snow-bath an hour and change her color. That is the way our great-great-grandfathers got their white color, just by staying an hour in the snow-bath."

The bears ambled away in the snow. Their white fur made them seem to be a part of the white covering that lay over field and shore.

"The blackbird," said the first bear, "can turn white, and save my little mistress, the fairy. If I remain black, those bears can see where I perch, and get by on the other side."

This snow-bath was a cold, deep well of icy water and the idea made the bird shiver. But it did not falter. Off it flew, slowly, over the blue sea and the last it saw in sight of the well. How icy it looked! The bird glanced at its glossy, black feathers, then at the chilly depths of the water. Then, with its eyes shut in a desperate effort, it plunged down.

Shook with the wet and freezing temperature, but stood still. A minute after minute went by; it grew weaker, and its breath grew faint; still it remained. Up above it could see the sky full of flashing lights, flashes seemed to dance before its eyes. Its head sank lower and lower, and at last touched the water, beneath which was its entire body. Then it realized that the hour was up, and out it stepped, to fall exhausted on the ground.

It was as white as the snow itself. And from that hour to this the little bird has been such a pure white that it is known as the snowbird. For from that day to this, one of these birds has always guarded safely the little home of the little old fairy up in the North Sea.

(Copyright, 1918, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate, New York City.)

Footballs Not "Pigskins." "HERO" of the pigskin" sounds fine in a description of some red hot variety game; in fact, but one objection can be raised to the phrase—footballs are not made of pigskin. England turns out a specially tanned cowskin while the cheaper ones are covered with sheepskin. When the game first began to be played, the English did use an inflated pig's bladder as a ball, so there is an excuse for the present day word.

Most American balls are made in Philadelphia, the yearly output of one factory there being placed at 2000 oval footballs, 3500 for the "soccer" game and about 5000 for the "rugby" game. The new material passes through an elaborate process before it becomes a finished article, some of the most important work being done by women.

Making It Easy for Her. IT was the boss talking. Miss Filmer, you are a very pretty young woman. "Why, thank you, sir."

"You dress neatly and you have a well modulated voice. I might add that your deportment is also above reproach."

"But I don't understand why you, a man of family, pay me so many compliments of a strictly personal nature."

"For this reason, I want to put you in a cheerful frame of mind before taking up the matter of your spelling and punctuation."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

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THE SANDMAN STORY FOR TONIGHT

By Mrs. F. A. Walker.

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"The blackbird," said the first bear, "can turn white, and save my little mistress, the fairy. If I remain black, those bears can see where I perch, and get by on the other side."

This snow-bath was a cold, deep well of icy water and the idea made the bird shiver. But it did not falter. Off it flew, slowly, over the blue sea and the last it saw in sight of the well. How icy it looked! The bird glanced at its glossy, black feathers, then at the chilly depths of the water. Then, with its eyes shut in a desperate effort, it plunged down.

Shook with the wet and freezing temperature, but stood still. A minute after minute went by; it grew weaker, and its breath grew faint; still it remained. Up above it could see the sky full of flashing lights, flashes seemed to dance before its eyes. Its head sank lower and lower, and at last touched the water, beneath which was its entire body. Then it realized that the hour was up, and out it stepped, to fall exhausted on the ground.

It was as white as the snow itself. And from that hour to this the little bird has been such a pure white that it is known as the snowbird. For from that day to this, one of these birds has always guarded safely the little home of the little old fairy up in the North Sea.

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Footballs Not "Pigskins." "HERO" of the pigskin" sounds fine in a description of some red hot variety game; in fact, but one objection can be raised to the phrase—footballs are not made of pigskin. England turns out a specially tanned cowskin while the cheaper ones are covered with sheepskin. When the game first began to be played, the English did use an inflated pig's bladder as a ball, so there is an excuse for the present day word.

Most American balls are made in Philadelphia, the yearly output of one factory there being placed at 2000 oval footballs, 3500 for the "soccer" game and about 5000 for the "rugby" game. The new material passes through an elaborate process before it becomes a finished article, some of the most important work being done by women.

Making It Easy for Her. IT was the boss talking. Miss Filmer, you are a very pretty young woman. "Why, thank you, sir."

"You dress neatly and you have a well modulated voice. I might add that your deportment is also above reproach."

"But I don't understand why you, a man of family, pay me so many compliments of a strictly personal nature."

"For this reason, I want to put you in a cheerful frame of mind before taking up the matter of your spelling and punctuation."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Coming Back at the Court. Judge (severely): Aren't you ashamed to be seen here so often? Boxy Bill: Why, bless yer honor, this place is quite respectable to some places where I've been. Boston Transcript.

Saturate a head of lettuce and place it in a paper bag. If kept in a moderately cold place it will remain fresh several days.

STORY. Nonsense. Daily News. I was talking about the effect of the sinking of Germany has studied closely any other—old—and has less un-Frightfulness is the "psychology" and just the opposite of intended to produce.

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GERARD TELLS

How Hindenburg Was Named Chief of the General Staff

Army Head Was Expected to Hold a Reasonable Policy Towards America

As German People Became More Desperate With Stresses of the War, the U-Boat Question Went Deeper and Deeper Under Their Skins.

This is the eleventh installment of Mr. Gerard's new book "Face to Face with Kaiserism" which will be printed in full in the Post-Dispatch. An installment will appear daily, including Sundays until the entire volume is presented. Mr. Gerard did not use half of his observations and experiences while at the German Court in "My Four Years in Germany" (which the Post-Dispatch printed in serial form also), and his new book is quite as interesting as was his first.

By JAMES W. GERARD, American Ambassador at the German Imperial Court, July 23, 1913, to Feb. 4, 1917, and Author of "My Four Years in Germany."

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CHAPTER XI.

August, 1916 (Continued)—An Unpublished Diary.

SUMMARY of the news published by the General Staff and given to the Emperor to read. He gets only German-American news from America and no bad news from anywhere. On the Lusitania case there is a disposition to think, because we were not warlike over Mexico, we will stand anything. The Kaiser will not see me because of the delivery of arms by Americans to the allies, and has so stated.

There is no shortage of food supply. I was told yesterday they did not need our Polish Relief Committee for German Poland as Germany can take care of this alone. The hate of Americans is intense. But this hate can be turned off and on by the Government. The people believe everything they see in the papers. The monetary situation is not bad. All the money for war supplies has been spent in Germany, except perhaps for a few horses, etc., from Scandinavia.

THE Chancellor and Von Jagow have been in Vienna. Von Jagow told me only on current business, but this was a diplomatic statement. I believe they went to settle the fate of Poland. I hear Prussia wants an independent Poland. Austria wants to make it part of the Austrian empire. In any event I think Prussia will secure the organizing of the army which will soon be raised. A prominent Pole told me two days ago that the presents were cordial by Russia, whose motto in Poland was "divide et impera," and that they will violently resist being drafted into the Prussian army.

The little attack on the Chancellor continued. At a recent meeting in Bavaria resolutions were passed that the first objective of the war was to get rid of the Chancellor and the second to "clean out the Anglophile Foreign Office," which prevented Germany from resorting to "reckless" methods for the swift winning of the war.

Break of Civil and Military. As a son-in-law of a high official and today the break between the military and navy on one side and the civil Government on the other has widened almost in civil war. The same man told me that the Kaiser had lately become quite apathetic and lets events take their course.

One of my attaches has broken down completely, cries when spoken to: Living in a fiercely hostile atmosphere is not agreeable and I wonder how long the rest of us can hold out.

The harvest is very good, but does not start out as yet, and as yet, meat, but the starting out business I have always said was an "iridescent" dream.

New men, 50,000 in this vicinity alone, are being called to the colors. Every one here is getting more on razor edge, prisoners are treated more roughly and get worse food. Bavaria is getting restless and dissatisfied. This will not amount to anything definite, but it is a sign of the times.

I went to Herringdorf for a few days of swimming. At a concert in the evening a man recited a poem he said he had written about "having bled enough." He was vehemently applauded. Quite a contrast to the days when the best actors in Germany were not ashamed to spout the "Hymn of Hate."

The military people use the censorship even against papers friendly to the Chancellor, and Germany certainly can hate each other as thoroughly and scientifically as they do most other nations. Dr. Alois Taylor thinks that in peace times some one fed this nation too much meat.

The newspapers are preparing the people for the entry of Rumania.

RISSA and Burian's was recently in Austria, saw Burian and says Burian is ready and anxious to make an arbitration treaty with America, and also send an Ambassador in Dumb's place to Washington. This is out of my jurisdiction. He says that tomorrow or next day there will be an interpellation in the Hungarian Chamber about sending an Ambassador to America.

The National Liberals probably will unite with the Conservatives and demand a strong hold on Belgium.

U-Boat Desperation. September, 1916. As these people get desperate the submarine question gets deeper and deeper under

their skin. I really think that it is only a question of time.

Of course, from what I learn here Greece is sure to come in and this is expected here.

As the Consul-General at Hamburg has reported, serious riots have occurred there, two by the poor classes, mostly women, and one by students. The crowd shouted, "Down with the Kaiser," called for an end of the war, calling for unlimited submarine war against England.

The hate of Americans grows daily, if indeed, it is possible to be greater.

Ira Nelson Morris, American Minister to Sweden, was here. He and his wife are charming people. He is very popular in Sweden. Elkus is also here on his way to Constantinople. If any one can "get away" with that difficult post, he can. I took Elkus to see Von Jagow and had him at lunch with Von Treutler, the man in Zimmermann's place. I talked with Elkus to Von Jagow about Syrian relief. A Syrian, whose name I cannot give away, says the Turkish Government reported to our embassy in Turkey that the harvest in Syria was the best in years, whereas, in truth, this year's harvest, on account of drought and last year's on account of locusts, are the worst in 25 years. Missionaries have told me that Syrians are starving.

A fact for the Russian born—Germany does not recognize the American citizenship or naturalization of a person born in Russia.

YESTERDAY there was a conference of all party leaders at the Chancellor's. I understand nothing was said about America or submarine question. I doubt this. The press here and certain other agencies are trying to convince America that all is peaceful, but Baron Mumm two days ago told Elkus, in this house, that the ruthless submarine war undoubtedly would be resumed.

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Maybe Matty Ordered His Players Vaccinated So They Wouldn't Catch the Spring Fever

HENDRICKS PLANS GRUELLING COURSE AT TRAINING CAMP

Cardinal Manager Gives First Inkling as to Plans for Spring Training Trip.

WILL DRIVE BOYS HARD

Two Workouts Are Carded Each Day—Squad Will Reach San Antonio March 15.

Here's a gentle tip to Cardinal players: When you reach San Antonio bring your tool kit and overalls and be ready for work. Because Jack Hendricks says you're going to get it and then some.

The new manager hasn't completed all his plans for the spring training course, but he has them sufficiently in hand to give an inkling of what may be expected. Jack believes the ball player's vacation should end the day they report in training camp and he's set about to make this a reality, though it may be hard to convince the seasoned fan that a player's life isn't just one long vacation.

Two Workouts Daily.

There will be two workouts every day at San Antonio, weather, of course, permitting. Moreover, Hendricks says, when it's raining, the athletes may be haled into a nearby gymnasium and put through the paces indoors.

Providing no change is made in the present plan, the Cardinals will leave here for San Antonio March 14. They arrive there the following day, but too late for a workout. The training course will begin officially Saturday, March 16.

Hendricks says every player must report to the park at 8:30 a. m. daily. They will then go through the paces until noon, when the favorite pastime will be in order in the dining room. Subsequently the matinee performance is booked, the curtain rising promptly at 2 o'clock. In the twilight, or about 6:30, the athletes will knock off for the day.

This will give the players about six hours of work a day. Hendricks opines plenty of fore muscles will accrue in that time, but this fact will not deter the manager one whit and he doesn't expect the players to look like skylarking around at night after such a program during the day.

Is Jack a "Driver"?

Thus the opinion is promptly formed that the Cardinals' new manager is of the "driver" sort. Jack has kept silent, very much so, during the winter, concerning his ideas about running a ball club and the information he slipped out this morning is doubly interesting as a result.

He will appoint a lieutenant shortly after arrival in the camp and while he plans to supervise the work of the entire squad, it will be his particular duty to look over the battery men. As Jack has finished with them, Hendricks says he will give his undivided attention to the infield. The big job there is to choose Jack Miller's successor.

The Cardinals will take a very small squad out of here for San Antonio, just in case the addition to Hendricks having been instructed to report to St. Louis. They are: Wallace, Ames, Brock, Betzel, Baird, Cook, Sherrill, Smith, Howard, Twombly, Heathcote, Benton and Walker.

The players who will join this squad at San Antonio are: Cruise, Meadows, Robinson, J. Smith, Packard, Murchison, May, Stewart, Turo, Gonsales, Horstman, Paulette, Watson, Hornsby and Snyder.

It will be noticed that the four club holdouts are the chief ones to be included in the list of players named, despite President Branch Rickey's announcement that unnamed players would not be taken on the trip. From this it may be inferred that the holdouts are expected to fall in line.

That is precisely the attitude Jack Hendricks is adopting. He believes that when the St. Louis Cardinals make matters of fact, Jack probably is right.

PIKERS END BASKET BALL SEASON WITH DEFEAT AT HANDS OF NEW CHAMPIONS

The Washington University basketball team closed its season last night, losing to Missouri, the new Missouri Valley Conference champion, at Columbia, 25-18. It was the fourth defeat of the season the Pikers suffered at the hands of the Tigers. The Pikers' valley record for the campaign was 4-3. Missouri finished with 18-1.

Shirley and Ruby, forwards, were again the stars for the Tigers, each scoring 10 points. Benway, right forward, was the chief point-getter for the Pikers, with 7.

The contest last night marked the final appearance of Capt. Campbell, Blumher and Shirley in Missouri Valley competition.

BAIRD PUT IN FOURTH CLASS BY DRAFT BOARD

Douglas Baird, the Cardinals' third baseman, yesterday was placed in the fourth class by the St. Charles draft board on the plea that he had become engaged a month prior to May 18, 1917, the day the draft law became effective. Baird was married Oct. 19, 1917, to Dana Elva Gillen of East St. Louis. He is 26 years old and the son of Douglas J. Baird, a local grain dealer.

ZBYSKO BEATS FREBERG

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 6.—Wladislaw Zbysko won from John Freberg here last night after wrestling 45 minutes with a half-nelson and a heel-hold, and finally winning in 38 minutes and 49 seconds with a toe hold. Both wrestlers were for one fall only.

Uncle Sam Biggest Promoter of Boxing; One Regiment Holds 1356 Bouts Monthly



Instructor Charlie White, Near-Champion Lightweight, Has Charge of Instructing 12,000 Soldiers, Requiring 13 Hours' Daily Attention, He Tells Post-Dispatch Interviewer.

CHICAGO, March 6. "If anybody tells you a boxing instructor at an army camp is a snappy," remarked Charlie White, during the course of a conversation yesterday, "just tell that person he's entirely wrong. Very much so. I used to think fighting was a tough game. Maybe it is, but it's an hour-a-day job with a six months' vacation sandwiched in compared with what I'm up against now."

The boy with what has been considered the greatest left hook ever developed in the prize ring is now civilian boxing instructor at Camp Custer, Battle Creek, Mich. He is wearing the khaki of Uncle Sam and hopes to be commissioned a Lieutenant in the very near future.

Put yourself in Charlie White's place. Think of having to teach some 12,000 men, the vast majority of whom do not know the first principles of boxing, how to "handle their dukes" and you'll have a fairly accurate line on White's task. Charlie hasn't made experts out of this number of fellows, but he claims they have advanced to such a degree of proficiency that within the next few weeks he will be able to appoint sub-instructors who will relieve him of much work.

Practically All Soldiers.

Major-General Kennedy, commander at Camp Custer, has turned the entire boxing situation over to Charlie White. He has assured the former star lightweight of the hearty co-operation of the officers in teaching the many art and White has been vested with more than a non-commissioned officer's authority. White simply asks in return that White should result.

Charlie cited a report for one month's activity in the boxing business among the soldiers at Camp Custer. It was a report on the 329th Infantry and ran as follows:

Number of men in regiment, 1751
Number of men who box, 1693
Percentage boxing, 96.6
Number of bouts held, 1356
Total number rounds, 33961
In another regiment, according to White's report, every man with the exception of two cooks boxed an average of 12 1/2-minute rounds during February. The two cooks boxed during 1800 men in this regiment.

That White hasn't much spare time to while away is shown by the fact that his first class starts at 7:45 a. m. and his duties aren't concluded until 9 p. m. From 7:45 until 11:45 a. m. he has a class of camp followers, which contains about 75 men. From 11:45 to 4 p. m. he again takes up his class. He has a class of camp followers from 4 to 5:30 p. m. Then from 7 to 9 p. m. he conducts a volunteer's class, which is open to all boys who may care to attend.

Refused \$10,000 Worth of Bouts

After 9 o'clock his time is his own and Charlie gave his word that he was ready for the blankets about that time. The exercises he puts the men through are rope skipping, neck pulling, shadow boxing, hand pushing, bag punching and finally a turn at boxing. This course endures three weeks under his direct supervision, following which the men are allowed to conduct their own work.

Charlie claims he has refused \$10,000 worth of bouts in the ring, merely because he did not have time to leave the work of teaching the soldiers how to box. He says he never felt better, weighs about 123 pounds and is always in first-class condition.

WEBSTER GROVES QUINT TO COMPEE FOR STATE TITLE

Unbeaten County Basketball Five Departs for Columbia Tomorrow Night.



Charlie White, Near-Champion Lightweight, Has Charge of Instructing 12,000 of Uncle Sam's soldiers at Camp Custer the "mainly art of self-defense" will be rewarded with a Lieutenant's commission, his friends hope.

The Webster High School quintet, basketball champion of St. Louis County, is scheduled to depart tomorrow night for Columbia, Mo., where the team will compete in the annual State championship tournament, which is announced to open Friday afternoon. According to Coach Roberts, Kansas City Central and Warrensburg Normal Training School are the fives that will have to be beaten if Webster is to land the title.

The locals will be able to play their regular lineup in the State contests, as Allen Lincoln, star center of the quintet, who was injured in the aggregation, will be able to take up his duties. For a time it was feared that Lincoln's injury might end his athletic career, but matters turned out in a different light.

Lincoln Adds Scoring Punch.

The presence of this 190-pounder is needed, as he is the shining light of the aggregation. With E. Spencer, who plays left forward, he is the scoring punch of the outfit. Coach Roberts will take 10 players on the trip to Columbia. The regulars will be Captain Lincoln, left guard; E. Hart, right guard; A. Lincoln, center; E. Spencer, left forward; and B. Phillips, S. Lacey, E. Wright and A. Cantwell will be the substitutes.

The county champions have made a great record this season, winning 11 straight games. Two of the local high school fives, McKinley and Central, were numbered among the victims of Roberts' aggregation. Central was beaten, 29-25, early in the campaign, when Larmore, rated as one of the best forwards of the future, was injured.

Score: Webster 511, Foes 195.

In the 11 battles Webster had scored a total of 511 points, more than 40 a game, while the opponents have been held to 195. The record for the season is as follows: Webster 27, McKinley 15; Webster 25, Central 15; Webster 45, Mount Olive, Ill. 29; Webster 48, Clayton 17; Webster 53, Granite City 16; Webster 52, Kennick 19; Webster 52, Maplewood 17; Webster 67, Carlinville 7; Webster 52, Kirkwood 19; Webster 30, Jerseyville 20. Totals, Webster 511, Opponents 195.

It Takes Real Heroism.

B RANCH RICKEY is up against a real fight, one which calls for industrial heroism and cast-iron "insides," such as are hardly to be expected in a mere baseball magnate, whose chief development comes from tossing the tarsus.

Rickey's "ball team"—the Hornsby estimate—is holding out on him, with every prospect of a serious breach widening to hopeless proportions. The gap between \$5400 and \$8400, when a ballplayer's salary is concerned, is deeper than that between the Kaiser and the French republic, and wider than from East St. Louis to Irtuksk.

Why Legislatures do not recognize and endorse the ruggedness of this game is a mystery. The brutality of "prize fights" has long been known to be the sheerest jest, when applied to eight or 10 round affairs. The bouts are too short and the rules too stringent to permit of accidents or serious harm, to properly conditioned men.

On the contrary, the appeal of the sport lies in its virility, its demand for stamina, courage and nerve to face the hazard of a knockout. Blind pillows on the hands of boxers and you rob the sport of the need of extraordinary caution and defensive skill, since even if a blow does penetrate an opponent's guard, he is unhurt, and hardly jarred.

I saw Harry Forbes and Abe Attell in a 10-round bout at Indianapolis, use eight-ounce gloves on each hand. The contest was a masterpiece of strategy and defense, and then, when the two-handed rackets and then laughed at each other as each round ended.

It's the risk that lends the game and zest to boxing. A punching bag display can afford almost as much athletic skill as a denatured boxing match.

A Cruel Brother.

KE DORGAN manages fighters; he does Frank Moran. "Tad" Dorgan, Ike's brother, has to write all about the boxers his brother handles and to depict them in cartoon for a New York newspaper. Ike Dorgan thought Frank Moran would knock the sawdust out of Fred Fulton.

The Cardinal team will be a deplorably wrecked machine, if it goes to the starting point minus Marvin Goodwin, Jack Miller, Rogers Hornsby and Jack Smith.

SPORT SALAD BY L. C. Davis

Ruben and Cynthia.

RUBEN, Ruben, I've been thinking what a great world this would be if those husky fight promoters had to work like you and me.

Cynthia, Cynthia, you've been drinking. Yes, you have, so help me Bob! We would still do all the working while they stood and bossed the job.

Ruben, Ruben, I've been thinking you said something quite profound; Fight promoters do the thinking. And the heavy standing 'round.

Cynthia, Cynthia, they are thrifty; They dig up some husky Turk. Then they split it fifty-fifty. With the guy who does the work.

Forecast.

For St. Louis—Lowering temperature followed by colder weather, which will obtain until the temperature rises.

Everything quiet on the Page line. Another Hadamot deserter came back. Was received coldly. The man on the sand box suggested sunrise and a firing squad.

Good Work.

Jack Hendricks returned from Chicago yesterday after spending a pleasant day on the loop and railroad fare both ways. Net profit, one pleasant day.

At last a way has been found to get Jimmy for the job. Jimmie Joe Gedeon will fight it out with Jimmy for the job. Jimmie finds plenty of competition wherever he goes.

In case Joe Gedeon gets the decision over Austin for second base honors Jimmy will take on Fritz Malsel at the far corner. There'll be a fight no matter what happens.

A New Miracle Man.

Manager Barrow announces that he is going to give Stuffy McInnis a try-out at third base. According to Connie Mack, it would take a Lather Barrow to make anything but a first sacker out of Stuffy.

Texas has ratified the Federal prohibition amendment, quite a few acres of dry territory involved in that. Now let's hear from Rhode Island.

Fleider Jones says without mis-

HUSTON PLAYS WHITE IN AMATEUR CUE TOURNEY

DETROIT, Mich., March 6.—Corwin Huston of Detroit and Charles White of Brooklyn meet in the sixteenth game of the Class A national amateur billiard tournament here this evening. Huston and Charles Heddon of Dowagiac, Mich., are tied for first place in the standing game. Alex Smalls, Michigan, and David McAndrews Jr. of Chicago and Alex Kirkwood of Memphis are tied for second place.

HARVARD HEADS APPROVE THREE-CORNERED EVENT

BOSTON, March 6.—The Athletic Council at Harvard University last night announced its approval of tentative plans for a three-cornered track meeting between Harvard, Yale and Princeton this year at the Harvard Stadium.

The meet will take the place of the annual competition between Harvard and Yale and Princeton. The three institutions will be eligible of the individual entries. No date has been set for the meet.

REGAN TO MEET ZULU

Kid Regan, local bantamweight, and Zulu Kid of New York have been matched to meet in the main event of the South Broadway Athletic Club's boxing show two weeks from last night. It will be Regan's first fight and Zulu Kid has exhibited here for almost two years.

KENRICK TEAM BEATEN.

By overcoming a 15-point lead in the last 10 minutes of play, St. Louis C. High School yesterday defeated Kenrick High at Muegge's, 29 to 26, after an extra period had been played. The score up to the time of Bill Kenrick's spur was 26-11 in favor of Kenrick. Sanders and Clarke were the stars of the game.

KELLY PUT IN CLASS 1.

TOPEKA, Kan., March 6.—Joseph H. Kelly, Boston National League club outfielder, was placed in Class 1 of the selective draft here yesterday. He asked deferred classification because of dependent parents.

Transportation Expenses of Western League Clubs to Be "Pooled" This Year

DES MOINES, Io., March 6.—Western League club owners here last night after adopting a 140-game schedule, beginning May 1 and ending Sept. 15. Opening games are scheduled as follows: Hutchinson at Wichita, Joplin at Topeka, St. Joseph at Des Moines and Omaha at Sioux City.

Receipts of holiday and opening games will be pooled this year and divided equally among the eight clubs. The transportation of all teams will also be pooled and charged equally to the respective owners. This is an innovation in Western League baseball.

Public Linksman Turned Down by District Golf Association

Application for Membership St. Louis Golf Association Again Denied.

The St. Louis District Golf Association at its annual meeting at the Racquet Club last night turned down the application for membership made by the Forest Park Golf Club. This was the second time in as many years that the Forest Park Club has been denied admission. Last season, shortly after the organization was formed, an application was filed, but acted upon unfavorably.

Officials of the District Association refused to give any reason for not admitting the Forest Park Club. The season's cause given was that the club were admitted too many members. The Forest Park Club, however, made it hard to handle.

Most of the star golfers in the area are members of the Forest Park Club and compete in all the tournaments staged by the organization. However, the Forest Park golfers, members of other clubs, will again be barred from competing in the district event.

The annual St. Louis District championship tournament was awarded to the Midland Valley Club at last night's meeting, with the qualification round to be held on June 1.

The officers who handled the affairs of the organization last year were re-elected at last night's meeting. They include Dr. Willis Mack, president; William F. Fales, secretary; and Sterling Edmunds, treasurer.

NEW HAVEN TEAMS TO ROLL TODAY IN A. B. C. TOURNEY IN CINCINNATI

CINCINNATI, March 6.—Visitors from New Haven, Conn., under the leadership of Mort Lindsay, representative by experts to be one of the greatest bowling leaders in the country, will contest in the five-man event in the tournament of the American Bowling Congress tonight.

Only one change in the standing of the leaders in the various events being in the team event when the J. Schmidt team of Detroit, rolling 2574, went into fifth place.

The standing of the leaders follows: Individuals—C. Wagner, Newark, N. J., 680; H. Steers, Chicago, 678; Hermann, Cleveland, 673; W. Ready, Chicago, 668; C. Shanks, Louisville, 666.

Two-man events—Steers-Thompson, 1345; Goodman-Jenks, 1287; Poolman-Farnum, 1285; Wayne, 1259; McDowell-Thomas, Cleveland, 1247; Anderson-Anderson, Chicago, 1247.

Five-man event—Aquilas Cigars, St. Paul, 3227; Champion Spark Plugs, Toledo, 3088; Athearn, Oshkosh, Wis., 2908; Kline, Rochester, 2883; P. Schmidt, Detroit, 2874.

Branch Rickey is to be known that his players' salaries will not begin until they are in shape to play. Wonder how Rogers Hornsby is getting along down in Texas.

McGovern Holds Farrar to Defend Cole to a Draw Title Next Week

Benny's Lead in First Five Rounds Offset by Work of Rival Toward Finish.

The third meeting between Billy Cole and Benny McGovern, which took place last night at the South Broadway Athletic Club, failed to settle to the satisfaction of many ringsters the long-standing dispute as to the better man. Given one more round, Cole might have come through with a large enough margin to win the bout.

Tabulated on rounds, McGovern must be accorded a very slight share. He took the first five sessions. The remaining three went to Cole. Now the question naturally arises: Did Cole's work in the last three rounds offset McGovern's early lead and entitle him to a draw?

The decision in the contest hinges solely on that point. It was apparent at the end that McGovern had piled up such a huge lead in the first five periods that little short of a knockdown or knockout could possibly even matters.

Yet at the finish, Benny's margin had been reduced to an eyelash. In such cases and in justice to both boys, therefore, a draw decision perhaps would be about the best that could be rendered. Cole was the aggressor throughout, which counts heavily in his favor.

Still McGovern was piling up points in those early rounds that couldn't be denied him. In the semi-windup, Red Johnston, after having been knocked down in the second round, came back and won out on points over Kid Alberts in eight rounds. Referee Walter Heilner was compelled to stop the preliminary between Willie Neala and Vernon Fisher in the fifth round to save Fisher from further punishment.

BARNES SETS NEW MARK WINNING GOLF TOURNEY

DELAWARE, Pa., March 6.—James N. Barnes, the college arms open golf champion five strokes under the record set for this event last year by Tom McNamara. The scores for the play, which began Monday, included James Barnes, 141-142-283; Eddie Lewis, Philadelphia Cricket, 144-147-291; Jack Hutchinson, Glenview, 151 and 143-294; Pat Doyle, Del., 147-151-288; Jack Croke, Exmore-Port Meyer, 157-145-300.

LAST NIGHT'S FIGHTS HOT SPRINGS, Ark.—Bobby Hughes bested Zulu Kid, 10 rounds.

READING, Pa.—After Steve Pleasener and Art Simons had gone seven miserable rounds with hardly a blow, Referee Watson threw them both out of the ring.

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Public Linksman Turned Down by District Golf Association

Application for Membership St. Louis Golf Association Again Denied.

The St. Louis District Golf Association at its annual meeting at the Racquet Club last night turned down the application for membership made by the Forest Park Golf Club. This was the second time in as many years that the Forest Park Club has been denied admission. Last season, shortly after the organization was formed, an application was filed, but acted upon unfavorably.

Officials of the District Association refused to give any reason for not admitting the Forest Park Club. The season's cause given was that the club were admitted too many members. The Forest Park Club, however, made it hard to handle.

Most of the star golfers in the area are members of the Forest Park Club and compete in all the tournaments staged by the organization. However, the Forest Park golfers, members of other clubs, will again be barred from competing in the district event.

The annual St. Louis District championship tournament was awarded to the Midland Valley Club at last night's meeting, with the qualification round to be held on June 1.

The officers who handled the affairs of the organization last year were re-elected at last night's meeting. They include Dr. Willis Mack, president; William F. Fales, secretary; and Sterling Edmunds, treasurer.

NEW HAVEN TEAMS TO ROLL TODAY IN A. B. C. TOURNEY IN CINCINNATI

CINCINNATI, March 6.—Visitors from New Haven, Conn., under the leadership of Mort Lindsay, representative by experts to be one of the greatest bowling leaders in the country, will contest in the five-man event in the tournament of the American Bowling Congress tonight.

Only one change in the standing of the leaders in the various events being in the team event when the J. Schmidt team of Detroit, rolling 2574, went into fifth place.

The standing of the leaders follows: Individuals—C. Wagner, Newark, N. J., 680; H. Steers, Chicago, 678; Hermann, Cleveland, 673; W. Ready, Chicago, 668; C. Shanks, Louisville, 666.

Two-man events—Steers-Thompson, 1345; Goodman-Jenks, 1287; Poolman-Farnum, 1285; Wayne, 1259; McDowell-Thomas, Cleveland, 1247; Anderson-Anderson, Chicago, 1247.

Five-man event—Aquilas Cigars, St. Paul, 3227; Champion Spark Plugs, Toledo, 3088; Athearn, Oshkosh, Wis., 2908; Kline, Rochester, 2883; P. Schmidt, Detroit, 2874.

Branch Rickey is to be known that his players' salaries will not begin until they are in shape to play. Wonder how Rogers Hornsby is getting along down in Texas.

McGovern Holds Farrar to Defend Cole to a Draw Title Next Week

Benny's Lead in First Five Rounds Offset by Work of Rival Toward Finish.

The third meeting between Billy Cole and Benny McGovern, which took place last night at the South Broadway Athletic Club, failed to settle to the satisfaction of many ringsters the long-standing dispute as to the better man. Given one more round, Cole might have come through with a large enough margin to win the bout.

Tabulated on rounds, McGovern must be accorded a very slight share. He took the first five sessions. The remaining three went to Cole. Now the question naturally arises: Did Cole's work in the last three rounds offset McGovern's early lead and entitle him to a draw?

The decision in the contest hinges solely on that point. It was apparent at the end that McGovern had piled up such a huge lead in the first five periods that little short of a knockdown or knockout could possibly even matters.

Yet at the finish, Benny's margin had been reduced to an eyelash. In such cases and in justice to both boys, therefore, a draw decision perhaps would be about the best that could be rendered. Cole was the aggressor throughout, which counts heavily in his favor.

Still McGovern was piling up points in those early rounds that couldn't be denied him. In the semi-windup, Red Johnston, after having been knocked down in the second round, came back and won out on points over Kid Alberts in eight rounds. Referee Walter Heilner was compelled to stop the preliminary between Willie Neala and Vernon Fisher in the fifth round to save Fisher from further punishment.

BARNES SETS NEW MARK WINNING GOLF TOURNEY

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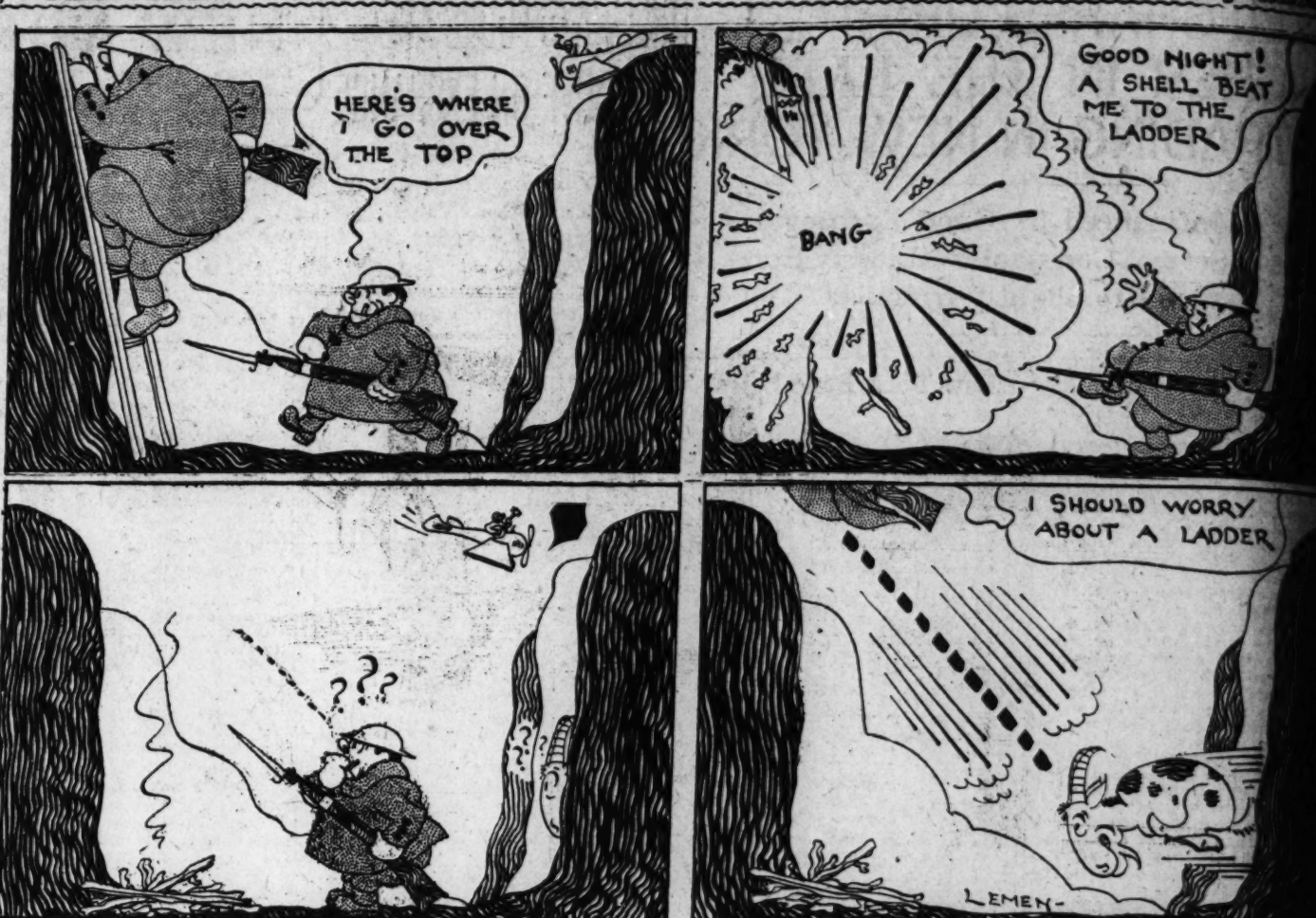
PENNY ANTE—Settling Up

By Jean Knott



VOLUNTEER VIC

By LEMEN



NO BRAINS, NO BRAINS!—By GOLDBERG.

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SLACKERS

THE MATCH-MAKER WHO GETS A GIRL ALL EXCITED ABOUT A YOUNG MAN BY SHOWING HER A FRONT-VIEW PHOTOGRAPH WHEN A SIDE-VIEW PICTURE WOULD REVEAL HIM TO LOOK LIKE THIS



Courteous Clarence

BY LEMEN



MUTT AND JEFF—JEFF TURNS INTO A WAR-TIME PROFITEER.—By BUD FISHER.

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"SAY, POP!"—FROM SUCH REMOTE CAUSES DO WARS START.—By PAYNE.



Circulation
The circulation of
this paper compared
ever before in the
is also true of the
ulation books open

VOL. 70. NO. 1

WAGNER STR
NAME COM
TO DRAFT DE

Results to Be Passed
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sent to Company

2000 SAID TO

Union Official Ann
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Maple avenue plant 100

Federal Mediator
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that he had received a
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Federation of Labor, in
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W. H. Rodgers, Feder
who was sent here to
strike of union clerks
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it does not wish to tak
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walkout.

Company Officials
The word "strike" is
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He said, in that telegr
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someone else to do so.
that the company's pol
to any nothing.

Lamb said yesterday
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14 cents an hour, and
22 to 26 cents, with 35
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cent should be demand

Permit for Parade
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and organized a par
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There, it was later de
than 200 workers walk
have been engaged in
inch shells.

Another division
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ber quit work there.

to Central Trades E
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street where shell tip
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are made.

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was not to begin until
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Board of Public Serv
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would cause congestio

Banners Carried by
Some of the marcher
ners, one of which read
Continued on Page 2

Gerard